

# The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 137. Vol. III.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: TUESDAY, JUNE 25, 1872.

[Price 6d.]

## Cromwell Advertisements



**DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,**  
WHOLESALE  
AND  
RETAIL  
FAMILY GROCERS,  
AND  
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

D. A. JOLLY & CO. desire to return thanks to the people of Cromwell and the surrounding districts for the liberal encouragement they have received since opening the above establishment; and as they intend devoting their attention exclusively to the Grocery and Wine and Spirit trade, they confidently hope, from their connection in Dunedin, to be able to place before the public a genuine class of goods, well and carefully selected, at prices that cannot fail to give general satisfaction. They would respectfully invite attention more especially to the following articles in stock:—

Teas of excellent flavor, in chests, half-chests, and boxes  
Coffees not to be surpassed in quality  
Cocoa and Chocolate of the best brands  
Sugar—crystals and crushed loaf  
Raisins—Muscatel, Sultan, and Eleme  
Jams, Jellies, Pickles, and Sauces  
Bacon, Cheese, and Butter of prime quality  
Tobacco—Imperial Ruby Twist, Barrett's  
Twist, Old Sport, andromatic  
Oils—Salad, Castor, and Kerosene  
Candles of the best brands  
Soaps—Blue Mottled, Yellow, and Scented in bars and cakes, &c., &c.

### GRAIN.

Wakatip Oats, Wheat, and Chaff

### SPIRITS.

Islay Whisky—Arbegg's and Long Jones'  
Hennessey's and Martell's Brandy, in bulk and case

J.D.K.Z. Geneva

Burnett's Old Tom

Lemon Hart's Rum in bulk

Porter—Blood's, Byass's, and Guinness's

### CORDIALS.

Ginger Wine, Raspberry Vinegar, Peppermint, Lemon Syrup, &c., &c.  
Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla

Families waited on for orders, and goods delivered in all parts of the district at Cromwell prices.

## WAKATIP BREWERY.

**MESSRS SURMAN AND DAVIS**  
beg to inform the Public of Cromwell and the surrounding districts that, in order to meet the constantly increasing demand for their

## ALES,

they have appointed Messrs D. A. JOLLY & Co. their AGENTS IN CROMWELL.

Messrs D. A. JOLLY and Co. will from this date be in a position to supply Wakatip Ale (of prime quality) in bulk or bottle, at prices that will defy competition.

Ale or Porter, 12s per doz.

Queenstown, October 30, 1871.

**DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,**

HAVING RECEIVED A NEW AND SELECT  
ASSORTMENT OF

## IRONMONGERY,

Beg to call public attention to the following:—

Blasting  
Powder and  
Fuse; Long and  
Short handle Shovels;  
Picks, Pick Handles, and  
Sluice Forks; Pannikins, Gold  
Dishes, Billies; Galvanised Iron  
Buckets; American Tubs, Buckets, and  
Brooms; Axes and Handles; Manila Rope  
for mining purposes; Drilling Hammers and  
Handles; White Lead; Castor Oil in bulk;  
Washing-boards; Brushware of every  
description; Nails; Canvas; Hose  
Pipes.—Contracts undertaken  
for supplying Mining Co.'s  
with Material of all  
kinds, on liberal  
terms. Free  
delivery

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.'s

DEPOT FOR MINING TOOLS,  
CROMWELL.

## Cromwell Advertisement

**I. HALLENSTEIN and Co.,**  
GENERAL IMPORTERS,

CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, ARROWTOWN, & MELBOURNE.

WE have much pleasure in calling the attention of the inhabitants generally to our Large Stock, as enumerated in this advertisement. It does not detail all the articles we keep, for to do so would be almost impossible. We have endeavoured to enumerate all the principal articles of each class; but every want necessary in a Mining, Agricultural, and Pastoral community can be supplied.

All our purchases being for cash, we thus possess an advantage that few are able to avail themselves of.

We therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto bestowed, with the conviction that all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly executed, and the articles found to be of good value.

**Drapery.**—The attention of Ladies is respectfully directed to this Department. It will be found replete with all the latest novelties from the Melbourne markets, and arrangements have been made for regular shipments per each steamer.

Dresses, in silks, fancy and black; alpaca, challies, mohairs, wineys, muslins, prints, coburgs Shawls, all-wool plaids, French merinos, skirtings, jackets, &c.

Hosiery, gloves, handkerchiefs, laces, trimmings of all kinds

Ladies' and Children's Underclothing.—Our stock will be found the largest and best-assorted on the Gold-fields

Ladies' and Children's Hats, trimmed and untrimmed

Feathers, flowers, corsos, chignons, &c.

A large assortment of white and coloured flannels, serge and cricketing; calicoes and sheetings; and every other article required in the trade.

**Slop Department.**—Men's Suits, Paget and sac; boys' ditto, Leopold, Stanley, sac, and knickerbocker; Trousers and vests, all kinds

Trousers, in silk mixture, doeskin, tweed, cotton, Bedford cord, and moleskin

Shirts—white dress, regatta, Crimean, serge, Scotch twill, tweed, and jain

Pants and under-shirts, in flannel, lambswool, serge, merino, and cotton

Men's and boys' Hosiery, of all kinds

Hats—straw, merino, tweed, silk-stitched, felt, and plush, in all the latest shapes

Waterproof coats, overalls, leggings and son'-westers; monkey jackets and pilot coats

All the above Goods are to our special order.

**Boots and Shoes.**—A splendid assortment, consisting of:

Ladies', girls', and children's boots, in kid, cashmere, morocco, and leather

Slippers—canvas, patent leather (plain and fur-trimmed), sheepskin, and carpet

Men's and boys' boots—elastic-side, balmain, Blucher, Wellington, half-Wellington, and riding boots; Colonial water-tights, made to our order in Melbourne

Gun boots—Hayward's North British and Liverpool; Hardy's nuggets.

**Carpets.**—In tapestry, felt, all-wool kidderminster, drugget; hearth-rugs.

**Matting.**—China and coir; oilcloth, door-mats.

**Ironmongery, Mining Tools, and Agricultural Implements.**—Anvils, axes, augers, adzes, balances, bells, bags, blacking, brushes (all kinds), baking-dishes, billies, braces and bitts, black-lead, bellows, boilers, bedsteads, bolts, blocks, candlesticks, chains (various), candle-moulds, colanders, compasses, chisels, coal-scuttles, scoop and vase; corkscrews, coffin furniture, cash-boxes, door-scrapers, drippers, egg-whisks, slice and cups; fuse, frying-pans, funnels, files, fenders and fire-irons, fish-hooks, gimblets, grindstones, graters, glue, gridirons, gold-blowers, dishes and sieves, grates, gulas, guns, glue-pots, hammers (all kinds), hoes, jelly-moulds, knives, a large assortment; knives and forks, knife-boards, kettles, lanterns, locks, ladles, milk dishes, cans, strainers, sieves, and yokes; measuring tapes, mops, mallets, nails of every kind, pitch, picks, pumps, powder, pincers, piping, ploughs, quoits, quicksilver, rules, rope, resin, rivets, rasps, rakes, ship scrapers, sickles and bats, slop-pails, saws of all kinds, sieves, scumming twine, sponges, scoops, sheep-shears, saucepans, shovels and spades, spirit-levels, soldering-irons, solder, spokeshaves, shot, steel yards, scales, screws, staples, stewpans, teapots, trowels, tar, tacks, tubs, trowsers, vices, waiters, washing boards and powder, window furniture of all kinds, writing cases, zinc, &c., &c.

**Timber and Building Materials.**—Shelving, 12 and 14 inches wide; T. and G. larcher

T. and G. Scotch Flooring, 2, 3, 4, 1, 1 inch; beaded and plain match lining

Quartering, American hardwood, 3x1, 3x1 1/2, 3x2, 4x3, 4x6; mouldings, various sizes

Galvanised and painted iron, all sizes; rolled zinc, spouting, brackets, down-piping heads

Screws, nails, locks, hinges, and bolts; doors, glass, raised panel, and plain sashes, all sizes.

**Paints, Paperhangings, Oils.**—Paints of all kinds; white and red lead; black, green, blue, umbre, ochre, &c.; Oils—raw, boiled, colza, olive, turpentine, &c.; oak and copal varnish, asphaltum, oak-stain, knotting

Paperhangings—a large assortment of drawing-room, sitting-room, bed-room, hall, passage, and ceiling, various; borderings, all kinds.

**Tinware** of every description, a large assortment, all kinds.

**Kitchen Utensils.**—Stoves, boilers, saucepans, kettles, &c.

**Crockery.**—a large and well-assorted department.

**Lamps, Glassware, Kerosene, Lampware.**—large assortment.

**Furniture, Bedding, &c.**—Bedsteads: an assortment of French and stump double, single, and children's bedsteads and cots

Chairs: Ladies, Florence, Lincoln, Fillmore, dining, American wood, spring hair, rocking; easy-chairs, in hair, cane, and wood

Commodore, chiffoniers, children's high and low chairs, cane and wood; chests of drawers

Tables: round and square, dining, loo, and dressing, various

Washstands, in cedar and walnut; towel-horses, mahogany, cedar, turned and plain

Sofas, a large assortment, colonial made, with or without backs, pillows, and cushions

Mattresses: feather, hair, flock, fibre, any size; pillows and bolsters, do. do. do.

**Leather.**—Crop, kip, calf, kangaroo, &c., from the Tannery of Michaelis, Hallenstein, and Co

**Grindery.**—a large assortment.

**Tobacco and Cigars.**—Being direct importers of these goods, buyers can always depend on getting a first-class article.

Tobacco: fancy and aromatic, silver coil, Atlantic cable, old sport, navy, fives, sixes, tens, imperial ruby, gold bar; dark aromatic—tens, bashful lover, little sunshade, monster; Barrett's twist and cut tobaccos; snuff

Cigars: Trabucos, Havana, Princess', and Swiss.

**Stationery and Books.**—Account-books, all sizes and bindings; minute-books, bill-files, blotting-paper, memo. books, copying letter-books, copy and exercise books, date-cases, envelopes, all kinds and sizes; elastic bands, foolscap (plain and ruled), gum mullage, ink of all kinds; inkstands, a large variety; letter balances, clips, and files; pass-books

Note and letter paper, white, blue, and mourning; pens of all kinds, pencils, playing-cards, pocket-books, purses, slates, albums, rulers, sealing-wax, tissue-paper, all colours; desks

Books: an assortment of family and pocket Bibles, church services, and prayer-books

Poetical Works of Byron, Moore, Scott, Burns, Milton, Cowper, Cook, Campbell, Longfellow

Gift books; dictionaries—French, Latin, German, and English; geographies, arithmetics.

**Fancy Goods.**—A large, choice, and varied assortment.

**Patent Medicines.**—Large assortment; also, a variety of Horse Medicines.

**Perfumery.**—"from every flower that breathes a fragrance."

**Saddlery.**—This department will be found very complete, as all goods are manufactured expressly for us by Alston, of Melbourne.

Bridles, with or without bits; a large assortment of ladies' and gentlemen's, double and single rein, Pelham and snaffle; all prices.

Curry-combs and brushes of all kinds; halters; hobbles, various.

Saddles, ladies' and gentlemen's; demy, stock, green hide, and all over hogskin; various prices.

Saddle-cloths, kersey, felt; saddle-girths, leather, web; saddle straps, spurs of all kinds;

valises, martingales and breastplates, various; stirrup leathers, ladies' slippers and stirrup leathers, cruppers, bits, burnisters, headstalls, ladies' worked saddle-cloths.

Spring cart harness complete, dray harness complete, leading sets complete.

Pack saddles, straps, needles, buckles, hemp knives.

Whips, a large variety; jockey whips, silver mounted, green hide; ladies' twigs, various kinds; buggy whips, cart whips, all sizes; stockwhips and handles, thongs of all kinds.

**Produce.**—Agents for Robertson and Hallenstein, Brunswick Flour Mills, Lake Wakatip.—We have for sale their silk-dressed Flour, (equal to Adelaide); pollard, bran, oats, wheat, barley, chaff. Garden seeds in great variety.

**Sundries.**—Tents, tarpaulins, Manila rope, hose canvas, horse-covers, wheelbarrows, hose-directors, brushware, camp and colonial ovens, candles, lime, &c. &c. &c.

## Cromwell Advertisements

Cromwell Veterinary Shoeing Forge

Next door to Kidd's Cromwell Hotel.

**EDWARD LINDSAY,**

(Late of Clyde and Melbourne),

GENERAL BLACKSMITH, FARRIER, AND MACHINIST,

Begs to intimate to his customers and the general public that he has REMOVED to his NEW PREMISES, next to the Cromwell Hotel, Melbourne Terrace, where he will carry on every description of Blacksmith work and Farriery as heretofore.

E. LINDSAY begs to intimate to the Public generally that he has gone to the expense of getting a CAST-IRON BED for TIRING WHEELS on a new principle, being the first introduced up-country, which he will guarantee to give general satisfaction; also, that he has made a reduction in the price of Horse-shoeing.

LIGHT SHOES - - - 12s.

DRAUGHT " - - - 17s.

EDWARD LINDSAY,

Veterinary Shoeing Forge.

**WILLIAM BARNES, JUNR.,**  
FARRIER AND BLACKSMITH,  
(Opposite Smitham's Kawarau Hotel).

**WILLIAM BARNES, Junr.,** desires to announce to the inhabitants of Cromwell and the surrounding District that he has commenced business as a

**BLACKSMITH & FARRIER,**

in New Premises,

situated opposite Smitham's Kawarau Hotel.

His long practical experience in all branches of the Business, combined with MODERATE CHARGES, will, he trusts, secure to him a fair share of public patronage.

On and after 20th June, 1872, the prices for SHOEING will be as follows:—

LIGHT HORSES.....12s. per set.

DRAUGHT HORSES.....17s. per set.

Every Branch of the Business attended to.

BARNES'S

VETERINARY SHOEING FORGE,  
CROMWELL.



**THE CROMWELL BAKERY**

J. SCOTT,

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,

Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

**VICTORIA STORE, CROMWELL.**

I. WRIGHT,

FAMILY GROCER.

—o—

Crockery, Glassware, Musical Instruments, Brushware, Stationery, Patent Medicines, Fancy Goods and Toys of every description, Paperhangings, Glass, Oils, Colours, Paint, Varnish, Glue, Cane Tips, &c. Thompson's Cement for Cane Tips, English & Colonial Newspapers and Magazines | Oats & Chaff.

**CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD**  
LATE MR GRANT'S

NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD

JAMES TAYLOR,

Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger



Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the LOWEST Prices compatible with Good Material and Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.

Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners' Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manila Rope,

SADDLERY, &c., cheap. 25

## Cromwell

**LADIES' SEMINARY,**  
Enniscomb-street.

MRS WILKINSON,

Having opened the above-mentioned Establishment, trusts that by perseverance, and strict attention to her pupils, she may merit continued patronage.

The Course of Study comprises Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Plain and Ornamental Needlework; with oral lessons on the Globes, Geography, Grammar, and History. Accomplishments: Music, French, and Drawing.

BOARDERS TAKEN ON MODERATE TERMS.



CROMWELL.

**FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,**  
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

\* Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.

BEEF, BY THE QUARTER, 3d per lb.

**CROMWELL BUTCHERY**  
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

KARL PRETSCH,

**COACH & GENERAL PAINTER,**  
etc.,

Has now PAPERHANGINGS, PAINTS of every description, GLASS, and MOULDINGS, on Sale at Low Prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

Buggies and Vehicles of every description painted in the best style.

Colours Prepared in any Shade required

Address: Next door but one to MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL, CROMWELL.

**F. SANSON, SADDLER**  
AND  
HARNESS-MAKER,

Begs to inform the public that he is carrying on business at the Premises lately occupied by Mr Raven, in Cromwell, and trusts, by strict attention and moderate charges, to merit the public patronage.

Collars, Pack-saddles, and Harness of every description made on the premises.

Repairs done on the shortest notice.

GROCERIES. GROCERIES.

WE have much pleasure in intimating to the public that, at the request of a number of our customers, and in order to meet the increasing demands of the district, we are adding to our other departments, a choice and well-selected stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, which will be sold at prices commensurate with the supply of a good article.

We have bought for CASH, and have now on sale:—

Coffee, Cocoa, and Chocolate,—superior quality.  
Teas, in chests, half-chests, and boxes,—splendid value.  
Candles: Neva Stearine, de Roubaix's, and Paraffin.  
Sugar: white and brown.  
Jams: Tainish's and Colonial.  
Honey: in 1lb tins.—Salt: fine or coarse, in jars and bags.  
Hams and Bacon: Sinclair's, Coey's, Colonial.  
Soaps: various kinds.—Soda Crystals; Bicarbonate of Soda.  
Akaroa Cheese and Butter.—Pickles, Sauces, Fruits, Raisins, Currants, Pepper, Mustard, Maizena, &c. &c.  
Tobaccos: in different brands.  
Kerosene, Castor, and Salad Oils.  
Potatoes, Wheat, Oats, Chaff, &c.  
For other departments see general advertisement.

I. HALLENSTEIN &amp; CO.

Cromwell, Queenstown, Arrow, and at Melbourne.

## Cromwell

**KAWARAU HOTEL,**  
CROMWELL.

WILLIAM SMITHAM.....PROPRIETOR.

The best conducted and most comfortable Hotel in the District.

A FIRST-CLASS BILLIARD ROOM,  
With one of Alcock's best Tables.

N.B.—W. S. having erected a large range of Stabling, would intimate to Travellers that every care will be bestowed upon horses. An experienced groom in attendance.

**JUNCTION COMMERCIAL HOTEL,**  
CROMWELL.

JOSEPH HARDING begs to intimate that he has purchased from Mr G. W. GOODGER the above large and centrally-situated Hotel, and is now in a position to offer accommodation of a superior description to all who may favor him with their patronage.

His past experience in the WINE and SPIRIT trade, will he trusts, be a sufficient guarantee that the Spirits and Malt Liquors served will be as pure as on the day they left the vintery or the distillery.

The BEDROOMS, PRIVATE PARLORS, &c., are fitted up in the best style, and every attention will be paid to secure the comfort and convenience of visitors.

Large and Comfortable

BILLIARD ROOM,

Fitted with one of Alcock's Tables.

Particular attention has been paid to the STABLES

In connection with the Hotel, and the public may rely on

Every Care being taken of their Horses.

MEALS ready at ALL HOURS of the day.

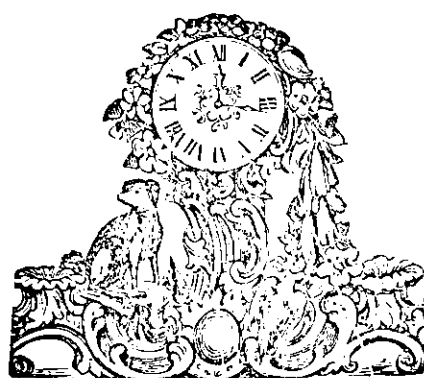
J. HARDING.

**JUNCTION BAKERY**  
CROMWELL.

C. W. WRIGHT,

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER.

Bread Delivered in all Parts of the District.



P. SMITH,

**WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER,**  
CROMWELL.

(Adjoining Lindsay's Blacksmith's Shop).

EDWARD MURRELL,  
CHRONOMETER,  
WATCH, AND CLOCK MAKERFROM  
Mr J. HILL'S, Prince-st., Dunedin.

Begs respectfully to inform the inhabitants of Cromwell and the surrounding districts that he has commenced business in the above line in all its branches, and hopes by strict attention to business, and punctuality, to receive a share of public patronage.

Lowest possible charges consistent with good Workmanship.  
All kinds of Watches, Clocks, and Musical Boxes cleaned and repaired.—Jewellery made and repaired.—Pipes mounted.  
Just Received, Consignment of First-class Watches, Clocks and Jewellery.

Observe the address:—Adjoining Marsu's Bridge Hotel.

JUST ARRIVED,—A Large Lot of PAPERHANGINGS and FURNITURE; CHEFFONIERS, CHILDREN'S COTS, &c., &c.

JAMES TAYLOR.

Cromwell Timber Yard.

## Cromwell

## NOTICE.

**COALS! COALS!! COALS!!!**

The Cromwell Coal Works will in future be carried on by NICHOLAS & MARTIN, who have much pleasure in calling the attention of the Inhabitants of the Cromwell District to their new Seam of Coal, which is far superior to any hitherto obtained in the same Works, or in any other portion of the district. They therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage heretofore bestowed, with the conviction that that patronage will be deserved.

All orders entrusted to us will be attended to at once, and on the shortest notice, as we intend to keep a good supply of coals at the Pit-mouth. Coals delivered anywhere, either in or out of the district; and lowest cartage prices charged.

20s. per ton at the Works.

32s. „ „ delivered.

We also wish to inform our constituents that an early settlement of all accounts due to us is highly desirable.

Note the address:

NICHOLAS AND MARTIN,  
Coal Works, Cromwell.

THOMAS FOOTE,

**TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,**  
MELMORE TERRACE,

CROMWELL.

Ladies' Riding Habits made to order.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,

**SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION**  
AGENT,  
ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT,  
CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively to these occupations, business entrusted to my care will receive every attention.

**MR H. W. SMYTHIES,**  
MINING SURVEYOR AND AGENT.

Legal Managership & REGISTRATION of Companies undertaken.

Office: Town Hall, Cromwell.

**VICTORIA FIRE AND GENERAL**  
INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL.....£2,200,000.

I. HALLENSTEIN &amp; CO.,

AGENTS,

CROMWELL.

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## NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned, beg to inform the inhabitants of the Cromwell, Alexandra, and Clyde districts that we have appointed

I. Hallenstein and Co., Cromwell,

As our only AGENTS for the sale of our Silk-dressed

FLOUR, BRAN, AND POLLARD.

We guarantee all Flour branded with our name, and obtained through the above agents.

ROBERTSON &amp; HALLENSTEIN,

Brunswick Flour Mills,

LAKE WAKATIP.

**CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.**

The Reading-room is open to Subscribers on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.

The Library contains an extensive variety of Books in every department of literature; and about £60 worth of New Works is expected to arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual Subscription, £1 1s; Half-Yearly 12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

Bannockburn

**WILLIAM SUTHERLAND & CO.,**  
(Late of Logantown),

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS &amp; FARRIERS,

Beg to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that they have removed to

QUARTZVILLE, next to HAZLETT'S Carrick Range Hotel, where they hope, by strict attention to business, and reasonable charges, to merit

a share of their patronage.

## Bannockburn

**STUART'S FERRY**  
KAWARAU RIVER.

Main crossing-place between Cromwell and the Nevis for Waggon, Drays, Horses, and Foot passengers.

Children attending School, Free.

**THE FERRY HOTEL**

Has first-class accommodation for Travellers.

**BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE**  
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,  
(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.B.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &amp;c

The new Ferry being now OPEN FOR TRAFFIC the Public are invited to cross the Kawarau River on the

BEST PUNT IN THE PROVINCE which is on the direct road to Bannockburn, the Nevis, and the Carrick Range Reefs.

John Richards - Proprietor

**BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD**  
AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD.

Begs to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN, NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet increasing requirements of those districts, has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash

**BANNOCKBURN COAL MERCHANTS,**  
LOGAN & SCOTT,

COAL MERCHANTS,

Having obtained a lease of the above known Coal Works, beg to inform the

dents at Bannockburn, Carrick Range, Clonago, Kawarau Gorge, and throughout

district, that they are prepared to SUPPLY (in any quantity) COAL of excellent quality

at 15s. per ton taken from the pit's mouth, or, delivered, 1s 9d per bag and upwards

according to distance.

N.B.—Drays leave the Bannockburn Cromwell twice a week. Loading can be done back on reasonable terms.

**CARRICK RANGE HOTEL**  
QUARTZVILLE,

(In the immediate vicinity of the Carrick Range Hotel).

THOMAS HAZLETT - Proprietor

Having purchased from Mr Joux McCosker the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, I am now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour me with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished in the most complete scale, regardless of expense, and the arrangements for the comfort of travellers and travellers are second to none in the district.

COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized billiard tables.

An excellent SIX-STALLED STABLE attached to the premises, and a careful groom always in attendance.

126

T. HAZLETT

Bendigo

**OSIAH MITCHINSON,**  
Wholesale and Retail  
**STOREKEEPER,**  
WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,  
WAKEFIELD STORE,  
(Near Cromwell Quartz Co.'s Machine),  
BENDIGO.

GOODS DELIVERED  
At all parts of the Reefs.

BENDIGO POST OFFICE.

Interest at the rate of 12½ per cent charged on all accounts due over two months.

Luggate

**ALBION HOTEL AND STORE,**  
LUGGATE,  
Miles from Cromwell, on the main road to Lake Wanaka.  
H. MAIDMAN ..... Proprietor.  
This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation for the comfort and convenience of travellers.  
Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery, Building Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at low prices.  
GOOD STABLING.  
N.B.—District Post Office.

Wanaka

**WANAKA HOTEL, PEMBROKE.**  
The above hotel, which is delightfully situated on the margin of the Wanaka Lake, offers to the tourist and pleasure-seeker advantages rarely to be met with.  
The scenery in the neighbourhood is exceedingly picturesque; and on an island in the Lake there is excellent rabbit-shooting.  
An excellent Four-stalled STABLE, and a SHEDDOCK, for horses.  
THEODORE RUSSELL,  
Proprietor.

**The Cromwell Argus**  
IS PUBLISHED  
EVERY TUESDAY AFTERNOON,  
And delivered the same day,  
SPECIAL MESSENGERS, THROUGHOUT THE DISTRICT.  
SUBSCRIPTION:  
6X SHILLINGS & QUARTER.  
CASUAL ADVERTISEMENTS:  
Insertion under four, per inch..... 3/-  
For more insertions, a reduction of 25 %  
STANDING ADVERTISEMENTS  
On still more liberal terms.

**CROMWELL POST OFFICE.**  
MAILS CLOSE.  
Clyde, Dunedin, and intervening offices, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 3 p.m.  
Dunedin, via Teviot, Tuapeka, and Tokomairiro, every Tuesday, at 3 p.m.  
Kawarau Gorge, Edwards's, Morven Ferry, Arrowtown, Frankton, and Queenstown, every Sunday, Tuesday, and Thursday, at 3 p.m.  
Luggate, Bendigo, Alberton, and Cardrona, every Tuesday, at 9 p.m.  
Bannockburn and Nevis, every alternate Tuesday, at 9 a.m.  
Money orders and registered letters, not later than 2.30 p.m.  
MAILS ARRIVE:  
Dunedin, Clyde, and intervening offices, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 11 a.m.  
Dunedin, via Tokomairiro, Tuapeka, and Teviot, every Friday, at 9 a.m.  
Queenstown, Frankton, Arrowtown, Morven Ferry, Edwards's, and Kawarau Gorge, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 3 p.m.  
Cardrona, Alberton, Luggate, Bendigo, Teviot, at 3 p.m.  
Nevis and Bannockburn, every alternate Tuesday, at 11 a.m.  
J. G. BALLARD,  
Postmaster.

Alexandra

**MANUHERIKIA BREWERY, ALEXANDRA**  
**THEYERS & BECK** beg to announce that they are prepared to supply their **SPARKLING XXXX ALES** in any quantity.  
Delivered free of cartage within twenty miles.  
Orders left with  
Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;  
Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;  
Or at the BREWERY, will be promptly attended to.  
**THEYERS AND BECK,**  
BREWERS,  
ALEXANDRA.

Clyde

**MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.**  
M. MARSHALL,  
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,  
SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.  
Prescriptions carefully prepared.  
BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS VENDER.  
Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial Newspapers and Magazines.  
Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a small advance upon English prices.

Nevis

I HAVE never seen so GREAT A VARIETY of GOODS, and of such SUPERIOR QUALITY, anywhere else as is now ON SALE at the  
**BRITISH STORES, NEVIS.**

Queenstown

**ROBERT BOYNE,**  
GENERAL STOREKEEPER  
AND NEWS AGENT,  
Queenstown, Lake Wakatipu.  
A large stock of Groceries and other goods always on hand. Importer of English and Colonial Newspapers. Orders punctually attended to, and newspapers forwarded to any part of the district.  
Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

[A CARD.]

**D. POWELL,**  
AUCTIONEER, &c.  
SALE ROOMS - BALLARAT-STREET, QUEENSTOWN.  
OFFICE:  
Ballarat-st. (opposite the Family Hotel)

Arrowtown

**R. PRITCHARD,**  
Wholesale and Retail Storekeeper,  
WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,  
ARROWTOWN.  
The largest and best-assorted stock of Wines, Spirits, Groceries, and Provisions in the district.  
A well-assorted stock of Boots and Shoes, Drapery, &c.  
Agent for T. ROBINSON & Co., Agricultural Implement Manufacturers, Dunedin & Melbourne

**WHEELER'S ADVERTISING AGENCY.**  
R. T. WHEELER,  
COLLECTOR,  
Advertising and General Commission Agent,  
STAFFORD-STREET, DUNEDIN.  
Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

At Home with the Patagonians.

Mr Musters comes before the public with excellent credentials. He is the first English traveller who has lived with the Tehuelches, and shared in their sports, privations, and dangers, for the sole purpose of seeing an unknown land, and of gaining an acquaintance with the wandering tribes by whom it is sparsely occupied. Such an adventure, full of peril and involving no common hardships, demanded the highest endurance, courage, and sagacity, and these traveller's virtues appear to have been possessed by Mr Musters. He acquired the habits of the Indians, and exhibited the strength and dexterity which are so highly valued by them. He painted his face and body after the fashion of the country, and found the custom useful as a preservative from chapped skin, and from the heat of the sun; he allowed himself to be tattooed "by a fair enslaver," he learned how to "ball" the ostrich and guanaco, how to go along period without food, and excited the admiration of the Indians by the skill with which he broke in an untamed horse, or joined in the dance in full costume of ostrich feathers and girdle of bells. Mr Musters made no objection to the food of the country. He found the meat of the guanaco excellent and the ostrich eggs nutritious, acquired quite a taste for horseflesh, ate armadillos with satisfaction, and advises all travellers "to boil their puma." Nor was he wholly insensible to the charms of the ladies, and confesses to have been nearly inveigled into matrimony by a Patagonian beauty:—  
"A fair young Indian, whose hair cut across the forehead denoted widowhood, moreover having several mares and considerable possessions, to whom I had perhaps paid some slight attention, proposed that I should set up toldo with her. This was quite out of my programme of the journey, but inasmuch as the alliance might prove useful as well as agreeable, and feeling lonely in the absence of any particular friend, I half agreed; so a go-between was despatched to arrange the dowry, and it was settled that I should give a revolver in exchange for two horses, to be provided by the fair one's friends. However, the evening before the happy day on which we were to have been united, the alarm came; and as she belonged to the Southern Indians, I thought better of giving up my arms, so I assigned as a reason for withdrawing from the bargain that I did not wish to leave my friend Orkiki's toldo. I have no doubt that her people, desiring the help of my firearms, had suggested the match to secure me to support their side. The lady at first was rather disgusted, but soon got over it, and we remained on our former friendly terms."  
The Tehuelche women are represented as quite as great an aptitude for flirtation as their more civilised sisters. A hateful fashion, common of late in Europe, appears to be not unknown in Patagonia, for Mr Musters tells us how greatly he admired a young lady's hair, and how disappointed he was, on meeting her one day, to find "that she had taken her snare hair off, and her natural locks were the reverse of long." The hair of the men in Patagonia is generally longer than that of the women, and they take great care of it, "making their wives, or other female relatives, brush it out carefully at least once a day." On the other hand, the men wear neither eyebrows, beard, nor moustache, and pull out every hair from their face with silver tweezers. Mr Musters was urged to undergo the same operation, but declined to comply with the advice. The habits of the Patagonians contrast very favourably with those of most barbarous or semi-barbarous tribes. Their sense of decency is very strong, so also their love of cleanliness. Men and women bathe every morning, "scrupulously apart and generally before daylight," and when they can obtain soap they use it freely. While in camp the women make up skin mantles, sewing with untiring energy, while the men work in silver and iron, or make saddles, which they frequently gamble away. Mr Musters thinks that, so far from being gluttonous, they eat less than civilised people. When not under the influence of liquor—a curse bestowed on them by Englishmen—they are friendly and good-natured, although naturally suspicious of strangers; and the writer observes that perhaps the finest trait is their love for their wives and children. "Matrimonial disputes are rare, wife-beating unknown, and the intense grief with which the loss of a wife is mourned is certainly not civilised, for the widower will destroy all his stock and burn all his possessions." Children, too, are treated with the utmost indulgence, ride the best horses, and are not corrected for their faults. It is the

delusion of some Englishmen, a delusion strengthened perhaps by Mrs Norman's song, that the desert Arab is kind to his horse; but the Tehuelche Indian is really fond of the animal on which he depends for food and life. And the horse appreciates the treatment he receives. The smallest children can mount racers which show signs of fear and temper when approached by a white man. "Indeed there appears to be a sort of instinctive mutual bond between the Indians and their horses. Hunting is of course the common employment of the Indians, and racing is their pastime. The horses, which are entirely grass fed, possess great speed and endurance. The Northern Indians will ride at full speed down the most precipitous places, but they guard against danger by placing hide shoes on their horses' fore feet."

The Permissive Bill.

The *West Coast Times* of May 30 gives the following summary of the above:—  
We are in receipt of the draft of the measure commonly known as the "Permissive Bill," which will be introduced in the next session of the General Assembly. Part second makes provision for dividing the Colony into licensing districts, wherein Resident Magistrates appointed by the Governor for the purpose are to carry the provisions of the Act into effect. It also prescribes the conditions and limitations under which the various kinds of licences to be issued may be granted. The third part contains regulations for granting licences to publicans. It confers upon the Resident Magistrate a discretionary power in granting or refusing a licence, and specially enacts that he shall not be obliged to grant the same merely because the requirements of the law as to the accommodation, or the personal fitness of the applicant, are fulfilled, unless in his opinion there is a necessity for the public-house for which the application is made. In addition to the restraint provided by investing Resident Magistrates with discretionary power, it is provided that no licence shall be granted unless a memorial be produced in favour of the same, signed by at least one-third of the residents of the district who may be entitled to a vote under the prohibitory clauses of the Act. The genuineness of the signatures is to be verified on oath, and the Resident Magistrate is to be guided as to the proportional number of the signatures to the whole population of the district, by the census returns, by the list of ratepayers, or by such other evidence as may be procurable. The fourth part contains the prohibitory clauses, and defines the mode by which the sale of alcoholic liquors may be prohibited in any district. At any time twenty of the residents of a district (male or female, of full age) may require the Resident Magistrate to take the votes of the district as to the expediency of bringing into operation the prohibitory clauses of the Act. Should there be two-thirds of the aggregate number of votes collected in favour of the adoption of the prohibitory clauses, then no certificate or licence whatever may be granted or renewed for the sale of alcoholic liquors in such district. Any person thereafter selling or disposing of alcoholic liquors within such district is to be dealt with as under the present law unless licensed. An exception is, however, made in respect of publicans already licensed, who are permitted to vend alcoholic liquors during the currency of their licences. At the expiration of three years after the compulsory clauses are adopted in any district, any fifty residents may require the Resident Magistrate again to take the votes of the voters as to the continuance or otherwise of the operation of such clauses. There is a schedule to the proposed Act detailing the articles which are prohibited to be used in adulterating alcoholic liquors, and for the use of any one of which, the person so offending is rendered liable to a fine of not less than £10, nor more than £20, for the first offence; a second or third offence, to not less than £20, nor more than £100. When any person shall have been convicted of adulterating alcoholic liquors, it will be the duty of the chief police officer in the district to affix a notice of the same in some conspicuous part of the licensed premises, on a placard printed in large print, stating the fact and the cause of such conviction, and the licensed person must keep the placard where it has been placed for six months. All adulterated liquors, and all ingredients used for the purpose of adulteration, are to be destroyed when seized, and regulations are to be made by the Governor in Council for the inspection of licensed houses, and for demanding and purchasing any liquors for the purpose of subjecting them to analysis.



**MR JOHN RICHARDS,**  
BANNOCKBURN STORE,  
Having made arrangements to let his Premises,  
and wishing to reduce his Stock,  
Is prepared to **SELL**, for cash, at a **TRIFLE**  
OVER DUNEDIN COST.

**J. OLIVER WHITE,**  
Artist & Photographer,  
(From Great Bourke-street, Melbourne).

Ordinary Cartes de Visite, £1 per dozen; 15s.  
per half dozen.  
Colouring, 1s. per card.  
Solar Enlargements coloured in oil or water-  
colours.  
Sitters are shown a Proof Card. If not ap-  
proved of, no extra charge for re-taking.  
Cabinets, Medallions, &c.

MELMORE TERRACE, CROMWELL.  
For a Short Time Only.

#### NOTICE

**THE** Charge for Crushing at the Royal  
Standard Company's Machine will be as  
under from this date, subject to certain altera-  
tions:—

10 tons and under 20 .....	30s. per ton.
20 tons and under 30 .....	25s. per ton.
30 tons and under 40 .....	20s. per ton.
40 tons and under 50 .....	18s. per ton.
50 tons and under 100 .....	16s. per ton.
100 and over .....	14s. per ton.

GEO. JENOUR,  
Cromwell, April 29. Legal Manager.

**J. C. CHAPPEL,**  
AUCTIONEER.

Any orders for Sales in the Cromwell District  
may be left at the ARGUS Office, and will meet  
with prompt attention.

**DUNEDIN SHAREBROKER.**—  
Established 1863.

FREDERICK H. EVANS  
Is prepared to deal with all SHARES for SALE  
in the CARRICK REEFS.

Letters, and all other Country Business  
receive prompt attention. 36

**ESTATE OF WILLIAM SHANLY,**  
Of Cromwell.

ALL ACCOUNTS due to the above Estate  
MUST BE PAID FORTHWITH, or legal proceedings  
will be taken for recovery of the same without  
delay.

Mr CHARLES JOHNSON is authorised to  
COLLECT the accounts and give receipts in the  
name of the Trustees.

In the Estate of EDWARD G. RYAN,  
of Clyde.

**TENDERS** will be received up to the  
30th JUNE, for the purchase of the  
BENDIGO HOTEL, CLYDE,  
together with all the fixtures and furniture.

The Hotel is one of the largest and most com-  
modious in Clyde, and has at all times com-  
manded a large commercial trade.

The range of STABLES, with Loose-boxes at-  
tached, is second to none in the District.  
Full particulars can be obtained from the  
Trustee—BENJAMIN NAYLOR,  
Merchant, Clyde.

**FOR SALE**, Cheap,—A BLACK-  
SMITH'S KIT; viz., Bellows, Anvil,  
Vice, Brace and Bits, &c. &c.—Apply to  
NICHOLAS & MARTIN,  
Cromwell Coal Works.

#### NOTICE

**POISON** for DOGS is laid on ARDGOUR  
STATION. ALEX. McLEAN,  
Manager.

#### NOTICE

**POISON** for DOGS will be laid on  
MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this  
date. I. LOUGHNAN.  
Mount Pisa, May 12th 1870.—27tc

#### New Advertisements.

**MONEY TO LEND,**  
ON  
FREEHOLD SECURITY.

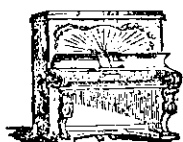
Apply to GEORGE CLARK,  
Secretary Building Society,  
Clyde.

**WANTED**, a FEMALE SERVANT  
thoroughly competent for general house-  
work.—Apply at the office of this paper.

**FOR SALE**, the VICTORIA JUNC-  
TION HOTEL, CROMWELL.—Apply  
on the premises, to

ANN BOX.

All Debts due to me, if not paid within three  
months from this date, will be placed in the  
hands of a Solicitor, as I am leaving the Pro-  
vince.



**SECOND GRAND POPULAR**  
ENTERTAINMENT,  
In aid of the  
CROMWELL ATHENEUM HALL FUND.

THURSDAY EVENING, 27th JUNE,  
AT KIDD'S HALL.

Instrumentalists: Mr W. H. WHEATER, Masters  
J. and R. WHEATER, and Mr C. COLCLOUGH.

#### FIRST PART.

- |  |                          |
|--|--------------------------|
| Overture . . . . .   | Band                     |
| 1. Glee— <i>Hail! Smiling Morn.</i> . . . .                          | Company                  |
| 2. Song— <i>I'm leaving Thee in</i><br><i>Sorrow, Annie.</i> . . . . | Mr Baird                 |
| 3. Yankee Humourisms, from<br><i>Artemus Ward.</i> . . . .           | Mr Fraer                 |
| 4. Song— <i>Mother Kissed me in</i><br><i>my Dreams.</i> . . . .     | Mr Stephens              |
| 5. Song— <i>The White Squall.</i> . . . .                            | Mr Campbell              |
| 6. Cornet Duets, from <i>Il Giva-</i><br><i>mento.</i> . . . .       | Mr and Master R. Wheeler |
| 7. Song— <i>Eg the Sad Sea Waves.</i> . . . .                        | Mr Sansom                |
| 8. Comic Song. . . . .   | Mr Jolly                 |
| 9. Reading . . . . .   | Mr Smythies              |
| 10. Song— <i>Lorelei.</i> . . . .                                    | Mr Pretsch               |
| 11. Local Song . . . . .   | Mr Foreman               |
| 12. Olio of Characters . . . . .                                     | Mr Smith.                |

#### INTERVAL OF TEN MINUTES.

#### SECOND PART.

**GRAND ETHIOPIAN PERFORMANCE.**

First appearance of the

**KAWARAU NIGHTINGALES!**  
(All the way from Ole Virginny.)

Mr HURLEY . . . . .	BONES
Mr CAMPBELL . . . . .	FLUTE
Mr GILCHRIST . . . . .	TAMBOURINE
Mr KELLY . . . . .	VIOLIN
Mr HOLLEY . . . . .	TRIANGLE
Mr BARNES . . . . .	BANJO.

#### PROGRAMME.

- Overture . . . . . Band
- Opening Chorus—*Dinah's Wedding* Company
- Pollyollyghama.* . . . . Hurley
- Gentle Jeanie Gray.* . . . . Campbell
- Fanny Frail.* . . . . Gilchrist
- Norah O'Neal.* . . . . Holley
- Shoo Fly.* . . . . Hurley
- Kiss me, Mother.* . . . . Kelly
- Cheer up, Sam.* . . . . Gilchrist
- Maggie May.* . . . . Barnes
- Wasn't it a Pull-back.* . . . . Campbell
- Annie Lisle.* . . . . Kelly

To conclude with the Screaming Farce of  
THE BARBER'S SHOP.

A QUADRILLE PARTY will be held after  
the Performance, under the management of the  
Entertainment Committee. Admission, 2s.

ADMISSION TO CONCERT:—Front Seats, 4s.;  
Back Seats, 2s. 6d.

J. MARSH, Hon. Sec.



**CROMWELL JOCKEY CLUB**  
ANNUAL RACES.

26th and 27th DECEMBER, 1872.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 26:

**CROMWELL DERBY**, a Sweepstake of  
£5 5s. each; £2 2s. forfeit, with £50 added.  
Entrance, £2 2s. on Nomination, and bal-  
ance of Sweep, £3 3s., to be made good on  
the night of General Entry. For three-  
year-olds. Colts, 8st. 10lb.; Fillies and  
Geldings, 8st. 5lb. Distance, one mile and  
a half.

Entrances to be made to the Secretary on or  
before 1st OCTOBER 1872.

WILLIAM MacNAB,  
Secretary.

**ROBERT BURNS Q. M. COMPANY**  
REGISTERED.

Adjourned MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS  
to appoint Directors will be held at Company's  
Office on SATURDAY, 6th July proximo, at  
6 p.m. CHAS. COLCLOUGH, Manager.

**ESTATE** of WILLIAM SHANLY,  
OF CROMWELL.

A DIVIDEND of SEVEN SHILLINGS in  
the Pound is now PAYABLE at the Office of  
the undersigned, High-street, Dunedin, to all  
Creditors in the above Estate who have duly  
proved their claims.

RICHARD H. LEARY,  
Provisional Trustee in Bankruptcy,  
Agent for the Trustees.

**TENDERS** will be received until July  
10th next, for the CONSTRUCTION OF  
RESERVOIR and LAYING OF PIPES, for  
Cromwell Corporation Water Works.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at MY  
OFFICE.

The lowest or any Tender not necessarily ac-  
cepted.

H. W. SMYTHIES,  
Town Clerk.

Cromwell, June 24, 1872.

**MUNICIPALITY** of CROMWELL.

An OPEN COURT for the REVISION of the  
CITIZENS' ROLL for the municipal year 1872-3,  
will be held in the Council Chamber, Cromwell,  
on MONDAY, July 8, 1872, at 1 p.m.

ALL PERSONS whose names have been im-  
properly omitted from the Roll, and those wish-  
ing to object to names already on the Roll, can  
see forms of application and objection at MY  
OFFICE, Cromwell, during reasonable hours.

No application or objection made in improper  
form can be entertained by the Court.

H. W. SMYTHIES,  
Town Clerk.

Council Chambers, June 24, 1872.

#### [REQUISITION.]

To Mr M. FRAER,

Councillor for Bridge Ward.

**DEAR SIR**,—We the undersigned  
Ratepayers of the Town of Cromwell,  
respectfully solicit that you will allow yourself  
to be placed in Nomination for the forthcoming  
Mayoralty Election.

The energy, perseverance, and attention dis-  
played by you in your position as Councillor  
assure us that the office of Mayor will, in the  
event of your election, be well and worthily  
filled; and that your municipal experience,  
coupled with your energy, will tend to be of  
benefit to the Cromwell District.

If you consent to our request, we promise you  
our votes, and we will use our best endeavours  
to secure your return.—We are, yours truly,

Robert Kidd	W. Smitham
William O'Connell	Thomas Heron
William Taylor	William Barnes
James Ritchie	Thomas Foote
Robert E. Dagg	K. Pretsch
Andrew Wood	William Barnes, jun.
A. W. Allanby	John S. Burres
C. M. Hedlund	John Towan
R. Isaacs	William Goodall
Thomas Martin	James Stuart
W. R. Robertson	J. Harding
William Grant	George Smith
Isaac W. Escott	Michael Shanly
Henry Schutz	John McCormick
Wm. Trudgeon	James Nicholas
William Howe	E. Murrell.
W. Williams	

#### [REPLY.]

**GENTLEMEN**,—In reply to your  
Requisition, which contains the names of  
a majority of the citizens, I beg to state that I  
have much pleasure in acceding to your solicita-  
tion, by allowing myself to be nominated for  
Mayor.

It is very gratifying to me to find that my  
services as Councillor have been appreciated by  
you; and I can assure the citizens generally that  
I will, if elected Mayor, use the same energy and  
perseverance in that capacity as I have hitherto  
done as Councillor.

I shall take the opportunity of addressing the  
ratepayers before the election, when I shall be  
happy to give an explanation of my views in  
connection with municipal and other matters  
affecting the welfare of the Cromwell District.—  
I remain, yours respectfully,

M. FRAER.

**BELFAST STORE**  
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARD  
WARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,  
&c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan Dis-  
trict that, in connection with his establish-  
ment of ten years at Clyde, he has opened  
EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL,  
where he will be able to supply the Trade, Run-  
holders, Farmers, and Private Families, with  
EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best  
description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention  
that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE  
BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in the  
line he is in connection with Messrs WHITING  
HAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the  
largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the  
Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident  
he can sell the cheapest and best article in the  
District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,

CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

**Cromwell Argus**  
AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, JUNE 25, 1872

The amateur entertainment in aid of the  
Bannockburn School fund takes place in the  
Schoolroom this evening. A varied and attrac-  
tive programme (advertised in last week's ARGUS)  
has been arranged for the occasion; and we have  
reason to believe that the entertainment will  
prove much superior to anything of the kind  
hitherto given in the same locality.

The new Court-house, situate on the  
Upper Terrace, and in a line with the Catholic  
Chapel, is rapidly approaching completion. The  
mason-work was finished by Mr Ritchie about  
ten days ago, and Mr Grant (the contractor) has  
now completed the roofing. There is still a  
good deal of work to be done—such as fitting  
doors and windows ceiling, and plastering—be-  
fore the building can be occupied; but we be-  
lieve Mr Grant will have no difficulty in com-  
pleting his contract within the stipulated time.

The approaching Mayoral election for  
this Municipality is already exciting consid-  
erable interest among the ratepayers. As will be  
seen by an advertisement in another column, a  
requisition, bearing thirty-three signatures, has  
been presented to Mr M. Fraer, requesting him  
to become a candidate. We have not heard  
whether Mr Taylor, the present Mayor, intends  
seeking re-election; but it is extremely im-  
probable that Mr Fraer will have a walk-over.  
The nomination takes place on the 17th of next  
month, and the election on the 22nd.

We are informed that two pounds weight  
of gold, of the value of £90 sterling, was obtained  
a few days ago by two men working in one of  
the tunnel claims at Pipeclay Gully. This was  
the result of three weeks' work; but it is only  
right to add that a considerable amount of dead  
work had to be accomplished before the aurif-  
ferous lode was struck. The party alluded to  
have now a fair prospect of obtaining good re-  
turns for a length of time to come.

The programme of the Second Popular  
Entertainment under the auspices of the Athe-  
neum Hall Committee appears in another part  
of our present issue. Combining, as it does,  
a number of excellent songs by favourite singers,  
interspersed with readings—both grave and gay  
—and instrumental pieces by able musicians, and  
winding up with a varied performance by the  
Kawarau Nightingales, the bill is certainly a  
most attractive one, and cannot fail, despite the  
present disagreeable weather, to draw a crowded  
audience to Kidd's Hall on Thursday evening.

The Education Board will hold its half-  
yearly meeting in Dunedin on the 10th July  
proximo.

The attention of those interested in mat-  
ing matters is directed to the amended ad-  
vertisement, which appears in another column, re-  
lative to entries and acceptances for the forth-  
coming Cromwell Derby.

Mr Frederick Shambrook, miner, of  
Doctor's Flat, Bannockburn, is about to leave  
this neighbourhood for Port Darwin, Western  
Australia. Mr Shambrook has been several  
years in this district, and has earned the respect  
and esteem of a numerous circle of acquaintances.

The Star of the East Company had a  
cleaning-up during the week, but we have been  
unable to ascertain the precise result.

We observe from the latest Provincial  
Gazette that applications are invited from  
authorised surveyors for the appointment of  
Surveyor and Land Officer for the Clyde Dis-  
trict. The salary is £100 per annum with fees,  
and applications require to be sent in by Fri-  
day, the 28th inst.

We observe that a dividend of seven shillings in the pound has been made payable at the office of Provisional Trustee, to creditors in the estate of Mr W. Shanly.

The next Criminal Sittings of the Supreme Court at Dunedin commence on Monday, 1st July.

Dr McCambridge, of Naseby, died on Thursday last, from the effects of a fall from his horse. The *Mount Ida Chronicle* thus explains the circumstance:—"On Sunday night Dr McCambridge was called upon to attend a funeral at Hyde, and with that generous kindness for which the deceased gentleman was celebrated, went upon his errand of mercy, notwithstanding the heavy fall of snow and the severe frost which covered the ground. Between Naseby and the Kyeburn Hotel (near what is known as Sanders' gate) through some mishap, up to the present time unexplained, the doctor was thrown from his horse, the fall resulting in the breaking of several ribs, and the dislocation of several outside as well as internal injuries, to the effects of which he succumbed on Thursday afternoon."

The ship *Ironsides*, from Gravesend, with twelve passengers and a full cargo, arrived at Port Chalmers on the 18th inst.

With reference to the appointment of a garden at the Arrow, the *Mount Ida Chronicle* of the 21st inst. says:—"News to hand leaves little if any doubt of the fact that Mr Stratford will receive the appointment. While congratulating Mr Stratford on his prospective promotion, we cannot but feel that socially the district will lose an able and useful member. There have, indeed, been no movements affecting the moral and social progression of Naseby in which Mr Stratford has not taken an able and prominent part. We trust that a tardy act of justice about to be done, and we have no doubt that, whether at the Arrow or elsewhere, Mr Stratford cannot fail to make for himself a host of friends. We sincerely wish him success."

The following list of prize sheep taken from the catalogue of the Smithfield Club Cattle Show, held in December 1871, will be interesting to settlers as showing to what perfection the rearing of sheep has been brought in England: Leicester W., 20 m., bred by Lord Berners, weight 719 lbs; Cotswold W., 20 m., bred by Wheeler and Son, live weight 859 lbs; Cotswold E., 56½ m., late T. Gillett, Oxon, 869 lbs; Lincoln W., 21 m., T. Kirkham's stock, 928 lbs; Lincoln E., 45 m., J. Byron Scalford, 1038 lbs; Romney Marsh W., 20 m., J. Newport Ashford, 1113 lbs; Romney Marsh W., 20 m., W. Bureh, 1013 lbs; Lincoln and Leicester W., 20 m., Sir V. de Capel Broke, 755 lbs; Hampshire Down W., 22½ m., R. and J. Russell, 807 lbs; Shropshire W., 32 m., Lord Chesham, 1051 lbs; Oxfordshire E., 59 m., Duke of Marlborough, 877 lbs; Cotswold and Oxford W., 21 m., N. Sutgoe, 1010 lbs.

As a warning to gamblers, we give publicity to the following report, condensed from a London paper, of a case heard before Mr Strode a few days ago:—"A man named Prince sued another man (Gallagher) in the Resident Magistrate's Court for £10, being, as was said, for cash lent. The money was proved in evidence to have been lent whilst the men were gambling at a public-house. At the conclusion of the case, the following dialogue is reported to have taken place between the Resident Magistrate, Mr Strode, and the plaintiff:—"The Magistrate: This matter requires no consideration whatever. It is perfectly evident that the money was lent for the purpose of gambling, and therefore the contract was illegal, and the money is not recoverable by law. These proceedings are, to say the least, most disgraceful, and most discreditable to all parties concerned, and I say that if the plaintiff lost his money it serves him right, and I wish he had lost fifty times more. I will not favour any such devilish doings. I believe there is a set of harpies in this town who get pigeons into those places night after night, and I believe you [addressing plaintiff] are one of them. Prince: I don't belong to the town. The Magistrate: They get pigeons and pluck them most thoroughly. Prince: I think I have been plucked. You are not a pigeon to be plucked. They hire rooms at 17s. for the purpose of plucking their pigeons. It is most disgraceful and disreputable conduct, and I will put it down. This infernal gambling is rife in this town. It is the ruin of numbers of young and old men. I only wish I could get at them; I would give gamblers the full extent of the law. It is the ruin of half the tradesmen in this place. Now go about your business, and lose your money, and I'm very glad of it. Mr Gallagher (solicitor for Gallagher): Will your worship allow costs? The Magistrate: No; he is as bad as the other."

The *Taranaki Herald* thus indignantly writes:—"We really wish the owners of those useful but stubborn animals, the donkeys, would not bring them so near our office. We were unwittingly insulted, yesterday, by 'our devil' through one. An ass was left at a blacksmith's shop close by, to be shod, and whilst waiting, he forth one of its unearthly brays. Immediately afterwards there was a knock at our window door, and our man, putting in his head, said, 'Did you call, sir?' The ink-bottle is smashed, and the office door, near where the ass's head appeared, is disfigured."

"ANTI-HUMBUG" V. "VIATOR."

CASE FOR DEFENDANT.

In your issue of June 4, a letter appeared from a very amiable critic, signing himself "Anti-Humbug,"—though why he attaches the prefix to his *nom de plume* I cannot understand; his identity is perfectly apparent under the latter part of the cognomen. It has been said by a certain clever writer, "that it is a blessed thing that Nature, when she manufactured and fashioned her authors, contrived to make critics out of the chips that were left": be it understood, I use the term authors advisedly in this case. Sad as the necessity is to their delicate sensibilities, they never fail to warn the author of the probabilities of failure in what he has undertaken, and press upon him the necessity of retiring before he sinks into imbecility. Trusting to their kind offices, with deference to "A.H.," I will still endeavour to fulfil my self-imposed task of instructing or amusing (as the case may be) my fellow *vertebrates*. And without displaying any inconsistency or sacrificing my "pachydermatous" character, may I venture to remark that "A.H.'s" sweeping condemnation of the humble efforts of "Crusher" and myself is rather ill-timed, and scant of courtesy to us as fellow-miners endeavouring to benefit our class. For myself, I can only say that if I have failed to impart any practical information, it is not from the want of ideas, or of practical ability; as I have, at one time during my career in New Zealand, managed one of these so-called "poor reefs," and made the same to pay; which feat was not accomplished by either my predecessors or successors in the management. This may sound rather egotistical, but is nevertheless perfectly true; and the statement is only made by me to show "A.H." and others, that in dealing with the subject of quartz-mining, I am not speaking at random or altogether theoretically. With regard to his discovery of my scientific (!) attainments, I feel flattered, as I was not hitherto aware of their existence. The use of "big words" may be a fault where a dictionary is not easy of access; but I am of opinion they were made for use; and whenever they occur to me I use them, on the *multum in parvo* principle, and generally find my meaning greatly condensed thereby. As to the "alum case," I never read the report of it, and so cannot offer any opinion; but must remark that "A.H." evidently is enveloped in my atmosphere, "fog," when he uses the unlucky chemists as comparisons for my incapacity, and in a subsequent paragraph very inconsistently endeavours to find an excuse for their blunders. When you attempt to castigate an unlucky scribbler, Mr "Anti-Humbug," do it thoroughly; show no hesitancy; in fact, as our American friends say, "go the whole hog"; and your victim will know what you mean.

"A.H." states that little of any service in gold-saving has in late years been invented or discovered by either scientific or practical men. If not by them, by whom? may I ask. Surely not by tinkers or tailors? I have witnessed, as possibly have thousands of others, many important improvements in gold-saving of "late years," both in alluvial and quartz mining; and I do not think the menders of kettles or breeches can lay claim to the discoveries. Beware of extremes, says "A.H." Verily, he is a sage mentor.

"A.H." seems to think that the method in vogue on the Carrick of working quartz-reefs is economical. It may be perfection itself; but never having visited that locality, I cannot form any opinion as to its merits. When I hear of dividends becoming the rule instead of the exception, I may incline to his belief myself; until then, I will "agree to differ" with him. Notwithstanding "A.H.'s" depreciation of our efforts, I still repeat that if the grievances or abuses complained of by "Crusher" in the matter of the management of quartz-mines, were removed or remedied, and my suggestions in part or totally, whether practical or otherwise, were adopted, many reefs which have been abandoned, and many which are not paying dividends, might be made sound and paying speculations.

I see that "Crusher," in his last effusion, asks,—Where are my scientific friends, that they are not giving their thoughts to the matter of improved methods of gold-saving? Really, what with being accredited with scientific friends, and having the term applied personally, my vanity ought to feel flattered. I suppose "Crusher" alludes to a statement made by me that I knew a gentleman who had the germ of an excellent plan for the purpose. I cannot conscientiously call this inventor a scientific man, but he is undoubtedly a clever practical and mechanical one; and as he must have seen my appeal to him, I wonder he does not come forward with his invention. He should remember that "delays are dangerous," and he may be deprived of his laurels; as, from the description given

by you in a late issue of Mr Watson's invention, his idea is likely to be anticipated. With a few, but important, alterations, the description almost tallies with the outline given to me by the gentleman aforesaid.

In conclusion, I might intimate that as Jack Frost has effectually set his seal on quartz-crushing for the winter, I shall leave the much-vexed subject to hibernation: ("mercy on us," another "big word," "Anti-Humbug" will ejaculate.) This, however, is not "positively the last appearance," and when, with the clown, I can exclaim, "Here we are again!" it will probably be to talk on other subjects. VIATOR.

Bendigo, June 18, 1872.

WARDEN'S COURT.

THURSDAY, JUNE 20.

(Before E. H. Carew, Esq., Judge and Warden.)

VALE OF AVOCA QUARTZ CLAIM.

R. E. Dagg v. John Jackson and six others.—The complainant in this suit alleged that the defendants (who are the holders of the claim above mentioned, and for which they had obtained a protection certificate,) had neglected to keep two men employed on the claim in accordance with the terms upon which protection was granted to them. Complainant therefore claimed that the said protection certificate be cancelled, and that the defendants be adjudged to pay costs of present suit.

Mr F. J. Wilson appeared in support of the complaint.

The evidence of complainant and another witness (George Guilford) went to prove that for several weeks prior to the 13th inst. the defendants had done no work on the claim. On the 30th of May complainant saw John Duff, one of the defendants, and told him that if they did not work the claim he would apply for it. Duff replied that "they would chance it." The complainant marked off the claim the same night.

For the defence, John Jackson stated that himself and Jacob Johnston, the working shareholders, had knocked off work about the end of May, with the object of getting the other shareholders to pay up arrears of wages.—In cross-examination, witness admitted that he afterwards went to work in the Rob Roy.

J. Johnston, the other working shareholder, stated that if Jackson and himself had got their money, there would have been no stoppage of work on the claim.—In cross-examination, the witness said he was at present working in the Royal Standard.

The Warden said it was quite clear that the conditions attached to the granting of protection had not been complied with, and he therefore ordered that defendants' certificate be cancelled: defendants to pay 18s. costs of Court, and £2 2s. solicitor's fee.

APPLICATIONS.

*Entrusted Claims.*—Ah Soo and three others, four acres, Nevis Gorge: granted.—Robt. Girdwood and another, two acres, Nevis: granted.—John Clode, one acre, adjoining Forsyth's claim, Adams's Gully: granted.—Wm. O'Donnell and five others, six acres in Stewart's Gully, Nevis: granted.—Alfred M'Minn and three others, four acres, seventy yards north of Hanson's house, Kawarau Gorge, and partly situate on the main road. A letter from the District Engineer, approving of the proposed diversion of the road, was handed in to the Warden, who ordered that a certificate be issued when the applicants furnish a report from the Engineer that a new road has been provided to his satisfaction.

*Protection.*—Royal Standard Q. M. Company, Registered, sixty days, (on account of inclement weather): granted.—John Wrightson and five others, sixty days for No. 1 South of John Ball claim, Carrick, (to test reef): granted, on condition that two men be kept employed.—Nil Desperandum Q. M. Co., Registered, ninety days for prospecting-claim in Pipeclay Gully, (waiting for machinery): granted on same condition.—Wm. O'Connell and five others, ninety days for alluvial claim in Stewart's Gully, Nevis, (on account of inclement weather): refused, the claim having been only just granted.

*Tail Races.*—The undermentioned applications were granted:—Ah Soo and three others, Nevis Gorge; R. Girdwood and another, Drummond's Gully, Nevis; Andros Olson, Kawarau Gorge.

*Water Races.*—G. A. Brown and another, four sluice-heads from Bendigo Gully: granted.—Jas. Anderson, one head from Smothering Gully, near Lindis, and one head from left branch of Archibald's Gully: granted.—Wm. Howard and two others, four heads from Camp Creek, near Lindis: granted.

*Dam.*—The application of Andros Olson for a dam site in Happy Valley, Kawarau Gorge, was opposed by Timothy Gorman; but the applicant having explained that the dam would not interfere with the objectors' race, the certificate was granted.

The new Victorian Ministry is composed as follows:—Mr Francis, Premier; Mr Langton, Treasurer; Mr Ramsay, Minister for Railways and Public Works; Mr Gillies, Minister for Lands; Mr Mackay, Minister of Mines; Mr Cohen, Minister for Customs; Mr Stephens, Attorney-General; and Mr Kerford, Solicitor-General. Mr Anderson will represent the Government in the Legislative Council.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

THE RIGHTS OF SLUICERS.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—A case of great importance was decided against us in the Warden's Court on the 13th inst. In giving judgment the Warden distinctly said that as, from the evidence brought forward, there is only about as much water in the gully where we are working as a horse might drink, we are not entitled to the use thereof. We are at a loss to understand what reason can be brought forward for depriving us of the right to water which we have been in the habit of using for the last five years. The Mining Regulations distinctly state that any party or parties working in the bed of a creek are entitled to the use of water running therein; and they further state that any party depositing earth or tailings on any mining property belonging to another, shall be liable for damages. Now, we were in possession of a claim and dams previous to the erection of machinery in Smith's Gully; and since the Elizabeth Company's battery was started, we have been put to a great deal of inconvenience through having constantly to clean out our dams.

We wonder if it is an understood affair that as soon as the reefer appears the sluicer has to clear out? It seems so, from the manner in which the Warden treated us before he gave his decision. He made an appointment with us to come and see the ground in dispute. He came, but he did not see our ground. We expect there was too much attraction about the machinery for him to spare time to have a yarn with a sluicer; or perhaps he imagined his appearance on the Carrick was sufficient to satisfy the sluicing population. The laws that were made to protect the reefer ought most undoubtedly to protect the sluicer, who has on all occasions to work under difficulties.

What we are looking for is our rights; and this is our reason for trespassing on your space.—Yours, &c., WHITEFIELD AND BENX. Smith's Gully, June 22, 1872.

"JUDEX" ON THE CROMWELL CUP.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

MR EDITOR,—Having taken a trip to this Colony for the benefit of my health, on landing at the Port I was immediately informed of the Great Municipal Meeting at Cromwell. So I at once made for the scene of action; and having visited the various stables, and seen every horse that is expected to run for the big event taking exercise, I will give you my opinion of the various nags, as they now stand. The first I saw out was Woodman, a very smooth goer, and I am informed the winner of the Cup last year. I can't say I fancied him much, even with last year's win for a recommendation. He went strong for the first quarter, but died away to nothing before he had done half the distance. His trainer, Whippet, and the head-groom, Bookey, say they can't get him to look at Pure Water; the dirtier the water the better he likes it. He has been a very expensive horse for the Company; his last attempt cost them 16 sovs. The next I saw was that well-known old horse, Lupstone. Poor old fellow! they might let him spell for the remainder of his days, as I feel sure he will break down if ever they start him. The other certain starter is Mickey Free, a colt by Brunswick out of Seal. This colt gives great promise of pulling it off; in fact, his trainer considers the race as good as won; an opinion in which, bar accident, I thoroughly coincide. I can, therefore, without any hesitation, place them thus: Mickey Free, 1; Woodman, 2.

Should any change take place in the market, I'll let you know. JUDEX.

AMERICAN ITEMS.

Giant powder is now in general use in the Californian mines.

An Oregonian has invented a machine for clinching horse-shoe nails.

A Mr Porter, of Virginia City, California, is now completing a flying machine.

A new gold rush has taken place to Olympia, California. The prospector was a pig.

A brawny German woman does duty as a constable in a village in a Western State.

An Illinois legislator lately astonished an hotel waiter by ordering a "veil covert."

In Montana the cold is said to have been so intense that whisky was sold by the stick.

A block of stone 110 feet long and 8½ feet thick, was lately quarried near Lake Superior.

Cincinnati has the champion mother. She has had 40 children, and she is as lively as any of them.

Nearly two thousand miles of irrigating canals have been projected in California, which, it is said, will protect ten million acres of land from drought.

The greatest run of luck on record is that of a Baltimore cigar dealer, who within the last three months has inherited a fortune, drawn a big lottery prize, found 7000 dollars buried in the cellar of his house, and lost his mother-in-law.

The longest bridge in the world is the Tonsus and Mobile bridge, at the city of Mobile. It is fifteen miles long, crossing both rivers, where there are draws. It is supported on iron cylinders driven into the bed of the morass.

## RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

THURSDAY, JUNE 20.

(Before E. H. Carey, Esq., R.M.)

**MARTIN BRICH v. J. HOLLIDAY.**—Claim, £6 11s. 7d. The hearing of this case had been adjourned on the previous Court-day. It now appeared that the summons had been served in Dunedin, but that no affidavit of cause of action had been previously lodged. His Worship ordered a fresh summons to issue free of cost.

**HOWELL & LOUGHAN v. CHARLES HAIR.**—Claim, £14 14s., for depasturing cattle on plaintiff's run—Mount Pisa Station. Plaintiff did not appear when called upon, and the case was struck out: plaintiff to pay 19s. costs of Court, and 15s. expenses to defendant.

**JOHN WILSON v. ARCH. McLEOD.**—Claim, £9 4s. Mr F. J. Wilson, for defendant, put in a set-off amounting to £3 11s. 10d., paid into Court £3 9s., and pleaded not indebted for the residue. The plaintiff is a horsebreaker, and the defendant an hotelkeeper—both residing at Bendigo. The claim was for breaking-in two horses belonging to defendant, and the principal point in dispute was whether or not the plaintiff was entitled to charge anything beyond the stipulated sum of £3 for each horse. Evidence was heard at some length, and the Magistrate gave judgment for the amount paid into Court: plaintiff to pay costs of hearing and judgment.

## TEMPORARY LICENSE.

John Halliday, of the Shepherd's Creek Hotel, obtained permission to keep his licensed premises open till four o'clock on the morning after the concert in the Lannockburn School-house.

## GOLD RETURNS.

Last week we re-published an official return showing the quantities of gold received in Dunedin by Export during the twelve months ended 31st March 1871, together with the totals of the five principal fields for the subsequent twelve months. We now give the detailed returns for the year ended 31st March last, and it will be seen that the table is so arranged as to show at a glance the relative importance of the various fields as regards gold production:—

Total.	March.	February.	January.	December.	November.	October.	September.	August.	July.	June.	May.	April.	Gold Fields.
ozs dwt	ozs dwt	ozs dwt	ozs dwt	ozs dwt	ozs dwt	ozs dwt	ozs dwt	ozs dwt	ozs dwt	ozs dwt	ozs dwt	ozs dwt	
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	Tuapeka
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	Queensdown
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	Mount Ida
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	Cromwell
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	Arrow
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	Switzers
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	Blacks
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	Dunstan
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	Manukau
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	St. Bathans
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	Tutor
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	Waitahuna
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	Woolshed
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	Waipori
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	Palmerston
25230 19	1827 0	2163 0	2365 14	2986 6	2578 13	1937 19	2163 4	1977 4	1220 7	1533 6	1414 2	1775 4	Totals

A fearful cyclone occurred at Madras on the 1st May. Nine European and eleven native vessels were wrecked. Thirteen Europeans and six natives were drowned. Only four ships were left in the Madras roadstead. The pier and a great deal of property was damaged. A public subscription was set on foot for the relief of the sufferers.

## QUEENSTOWN.

(From our own Correspondent.)

June 22, 1872.

King Frost has been all potent here during the past and part of the preceding week. "Silver Lake," otherwise known as "Huff's Lagoon," has been covered with skaters and others,—morning, noon, and night; the scene, as viewed by moonlight, being extremely picturesque. On Thursday night, however, a thaw set in, and a mild rain fell, dissolving the remaining snow, and completely spoiling the surface of the ice so far as skating and sliding were concerned. What description of weather we are to expect next week is a matter of much concern to many,—some prognosticating rain, some snow, and others a return of frost.

If innumerable practices can make a successful concert, the forthcoming one ought to be an astonishingly brilliant affair. The directors, it is said, have settled the difficulty of paying the contractors, so the concert may really come off on the date fixed, the 27th inst.,—though successive postponements have made the people incredulous. On the following evening, there is to be a grand ball,—a description of recreation of which Queens-towners are very fond.

The candidates for the Mayoralty this year are at present three,—Messrs Malaghan, Warren, and Manders. It is expected that the last-named will withdraw from the contest, on account of some peculiar facts brought to light at the last Council meeting.

The frost has compelled the suspension of nearly all workings in the upper Shotover district, whether in reefing or river-bed claims. The low state of the river will, it is hoped, enable the shareholders in the latter claims to reap a rich winter harvest.

## DUNEDIN NOTES.

By O. P. Q.

June 20, 1872.

Considerable speculation was aroused in Dunedin during the early part of the week by the discovery one morning of about thirty loaves of bread deposited in an out-of-the-way spot on Maori Hill,—for what purpose seemed unexplainable. And the mystery was heightened on the following morning by a further plant of fifty loaves being brought to light, in the latter case the bread being warm when found. It seemed difficult to find any reasonable solution of so extraordinary an occurrence; and people, after puzzling their brains over the matter, ceased to trouble their heads about it, rightly conjecturing that in the ordinary course of events it would soon be explained. The solution of the mystery has come out, and it is aptly explained by one of the local papers as a case of "saling" a bakery. One of our bakers wishing to dispose of his business, and being in treaty with an intending purchaser, of course wished to make his business appear as extensive as possible; and not content with using honourable means in order to effect a sale, he adopted the extraordinary plan of baking a much larger quantity of bread than he had any means of disposing of. This he did on two mornings that he had appointed for the purchaser to meet him at the bakery, and see the supplies despatched to customers. The bargain for the purchase of the business not having been concluded prior to the finding of the loaves on Maori Hill, and the intended victim smelling a rat in consequence of this unexpected phase of the transaction, the wily baker's mismanaged turpitude recoiled on his own head, and the treaty for the purchase is now off. So runs the story as current in Dunedin.

A couple of evenings since, there arrived from the Molyneux a tiny steamer of ten tons called the Clutha, the crew on the trip consisting of Captain Tall and the engineer. Out of curiosity, I went down to have a look at her, and I certainly wonder that people would risk their lives on the broad ocean in such a cockle-shell. Had a storm come on during the trip round, destruction would have been inevitable. She was built on the Molyneux to run in opposition to the Turpeka, but has been a losing spec., I understand. Her engines, formerly belonging to a threshing machine, are to be taken out and used in the breaking of stones on the Port Chalmers railway line.

If the statement which is going the rounds of the New Zealand Press be correct, to the effect that the Messrs Brogden have engaged 1000 skilled mechanics to work on our railways at Home wages, and that they are now about eighty days out, we may anticipate some nice rows when they land, and discover that their wages are so very much below those ruling in the Colony in similar trades. It seems irreconcilable, however, with accounts previously received of the engagement of navvies at Home by the Messrs Brogden at very reasonable wages. Yet it has been published in several of the influential journals of

the Colony, on the authority of the *Builder*; and these reports generally have a modicum of truth about them.

The weather for the past eight or ten days has been most severe, and snow has been lying in some parts of the city over a week, a circumstance of very rare occurrence. The warmer weather of yesterday and to-day has, however, gone far towards melting the snow, and mud and slush have supervened to a most disgusting extent. I suppose that we should not complain, though, for until about a fortnight back, the weather was really delightful.

## NEWS BY THE SUEZ MAIL

The Ballot Bill has passed.  
Brigham Young has been released.  
The Pacific Islanders Bill has passed.  
The London International Exhibition is opened.

The Emperor of China will be married in October.  
At Deesa two officers have been shot by an insane soldier.

A conspiracy to murder the Mikado of Japan has failed.  
England has guaranteed a Canadian railway loan of £2,500,000.

The Marquis of Lansdowne is appointed Under Secretary of War.  
Horace Greely is nominated for the Presidency of the United States.

Mr Jacob Bright's Women's Franchise Bill was defeated by 222 to 147.  
The report of the Commission on the surrender of Metz, blames Bazaine.

The *Constitutionnel* newspaper was suppressed by the Military Commander of Paris.  
The Carlist rising in Spain is assuming formidable proportions. 15,000 insurgents are in the field.

A reward of 100,000 dollars has been given to the officers and crew of the Keersange for destroying the Alabama.

The Government was defeated on the Scotch Education Bill, a clause being carried providing for Biblical teaching.

There were severe eruptions of Mount Vesuvius, lasting over ten days, which spread devastation and death around. Several villages were destroyed.

Prince Charlie won the Newmarket Two-thousand guineas; Cremorne, 2nd; Queen's Messenger, 3rd. Reine won the Thousand Guineas. In the Chester Cup race, Lyness was 1st; Soncar, 2nd; Neapolitan, 3rd.

On the 6th of May, a fearful inundation took place at Jaffa in the Maltese presidency. Forty tanks burst. 1000 lives were lost. 3000 people rendered destitute, and 13,000 homeless. Relief was sent at once by the Government.

The American journals announce that their Government is fully determined to ask no further compromise regarding the Indian claims. The Congressional Committee therefore expects England to withdraw from the Geneva Arbitration.

The Tichborne claimant was jailed out on the 26th. The trial for perjury will commence in November. The Australian witnesses are required. Lord Nivies (Dr Attwood, and Messrs Giddard, Gaskew, and Jas. Lamont stood bail for the claimant.

A telegram from Aden reports Dr Livingston safe with the *New York Herald's* Special Commissioner, who reports a great hurricane at Zanzibar, on the 15th April, by which 150 vessels and £2,000,000 worth of property were lost, and the town nearly destroyed.

A great fire covering two square miles has occurred at Yeddo; forty-five streets and five thousand buildings were destroyed, twenty-one thousand persons were burnt out, three hundred and fifty persons killed, and a million and a-half dollars' worth of property consumed.

**Obituary.**—Professor Maurine, Sir Algernon Peyton, General Wingfield, Major-General Gambier, Col. Biddulph, Professor Roberts, Dr Ferrel (Bishop of Edinburgh), aged 81, Dr Hood (Dean of Angles), Alfred Shoolbred (senior partner in great drapery firm), Mr Palmer (Recorder of Yarmouth), Admiral Slaughter, Major Hamilton, Gen. Ord, Marquis Graham (son of the Duke of Montrose), Sir Henry Wilmot, Dr Norris, Dr Short, Edward Mitchell the sculptor (who committed suicide).

The Trochu libel case is the great sensation of the month. It is an action against the conductor of the *Figaro* for asserting that General Trochu insinuated himself into the favour of the ex-Emperor and the Governor of Paris to betray his country. The leading Bonapartists were cited as witnesses, and exciting disclosures were made. After six days' trial a verdict was given acquitting the accused of defamation of character; but convicting him of insulting a public functionary. He was sentenced to two months' imprisonment, and ordered to pay a fine of 4000 francs.

A dreadful abscess under the chin cured by *Holloway's Ointment and Pills*.—Robert Davidson, shoemaker, of Austruther, suffered for more than five years with a dreadful abscess under his chin. During this time he had been under the care of two surgeons in Austruther, and one in Edinburgh, without the least prospect of a cure. In this miserable condition he began to use *Holloway's Ointment and Pills*, which (in the short space of two months,) soundly healed the wound, and he is now enjoying the best of health. These fine medicines are admirable remedies for King's evil, wounds of all kinds, burns, scalds, piles, fistulas, and bearings down.

## GENERAL MINING NEWS.

A nugget of pure gold, weighing 170 ozs was found at Inglewood recently.

Mace's Company, at Reefiton, crushed 6 tons recently, with a return of 935 ozs.

The Government quartz battery in Dunedin was put in motion for the first time by Mr Alves the other day.

The ranges at the back of Mount Rockford near Westport, are being thoroughly prospected for auriferous quartz reefs, which are believed to exist in that quarter.

The coal used in quartz-crushing operations at Inangahua costs £12 per ton. Handson returns will be required from the reefs to cover such an expenditure as this.

The shareholders in the Excelsior Company, Ross, have yielded to the pressure from without, and again adopted the eight hour system, having found it impossible to get more on any other terms.

New Zealand's coal supply is not likely to fail her for some time. On a recently opened coal-field at the Buller mouth, in the proprietors' ground alone there are said to be not less than 200,000 tons; while in a field at Waikato, the local paper is confident there are millions of tons.

A Northern paper says that when Captain Hutton, the assistant geologist, visited the Kawa Kawa coal mines recently, he directed the miners to sink for a seam of coal, which he told them would be found at a depth of 170 feet. The seam was reached at a depth of 138 feet; and the miners expressed great admiration at the accuracy of Captain Hutton.

Mr David Graham, an old resident at Tarrago, on the occasion of his leaving the district, is reported to have given the local prospecting association the following opinion upon the mineral wealth of the locality:—"The more numerous of gold being found at Tarrago. He had himself seen nuggets of the gold and four pounds weight. From information of which he was possessed, he had no hesitation in saying that it was one of the richest mineral fields in the whole world, not excepting South Australia and California."

An Auckland paper states that an International Exhibition will be held in the Thames Mechanics' Institute in August next. The exhibition will comprise all kinds of articles of manufacture, but preference will be shown to those which most nearly affect the progress of the gold-field. Models of quartz-crushing machinery, including boring and gold mining appliances are particularly desired, and with this view contributions have been sent from San Francisco, Victoria, New South Wales, Queensland, and the Southern provinces, in view of the tendency of models of this kind.

Several gold nuggets have been found in the Tarrago. The *Dunedin Evening Post* says:—"About a week ago we announced that a reward was offered to the effect that any person who could produce a piece of mineral proof had been discovered on the property of Mr A. W. Drew, near Tarrago. The rumor seems not to be substantially correct, as some claims have already, we understand, been made out on what the discoverers have named the Denison Diggings. Yesterday some fine water-worn nuggets, the heaviest weighing close on 6 dwt., were on exhibition at the Bank of N.Z.M., where they attracted considerable attention."

The Auckland *Herald* understands that recent prospectors at the Mount Ida battery are likely to effect a revolution in the process of gold-saving. It is long been known that a large percentage of gold passes off from the rattle tables and is lost to other with quicksilver. The method referred to saves both gold and silver. The *Herald* is not at liberty to state anything further regarding it, as a patent is about to be applied for in the other colonies, but is aware that the discovery will not be made a monopoly in New Zealand. The results of a trial made are said to be remarkable, as well in the saving of the precious metal as in the economy of labour.

A rash, which has occasioned some considerable evilment, set in on May 30, on some ground about a mile and a-half from the back of Woodstock in the Kanieri district. The ground is situated on the side of a terrace, and the lead is reached by tunnelling into the terrace. A party of four men have been prospecting on the ground for about three months. The lead, which is about thirty feet wide, runs east and west, the depth of washdirt being close on four feet. Already about a mile of ground has been taken up, and claims were being pegged out after dark that night. A very large rush was expected, and a belief prevails that there will be ground enough along the lead for two thousand men. The lead near the mouth of the prospectors' tunnel shows the best prospects. It is twenty-six feet wide and from four to five feet deep. There is another lead about seventy or eighty feet within the tunnel, the washdirt of which is from one foot to eighteen inches thick. The prospectors have driven through it sixty feet and have not yet come to the end of its width, and though only shallow at the commencement, it gets thicker towards where they have left off tunnelling. The prospectors are very sanguine of having a pile claim, which will give them three or four years' work. About one hundred yards from the prospectors' claim, on the other side of the creek, a party of four men from the Kanieri took up a claim on Friday and commenced working. They had only driven three or four feet into the hill when they struck gold, which in their opinion will pay well if the prospects continue the same. They do not believe they are on the same lead as the prospectors, but consider they have struck another one. An advantage in working this ground which is worth mentioning, is that there is plenty of water close at hand.—*Hokitika Leader*.



## PROVINCIAL AND COLONIAL.

The sad sea waves" continue to make havoc in Westport.

Shop Viard's funeral at Wellington was numerously attended.

seby, Oamaru, and Lawrence are continuing bitterly of "larrikins."

the streets of Blenheim have been flooded times within six weeks lately.

Hercules Robinson, the new Governor of New South Wales, has arrived at Sydney.

three years ago there was not a single miner on the Otago Goldfields; now there are twelve.

Mr. Barbor, Postmaster and Receiver of Revenue at Hokitika, is charged with embezzlement.

messrs Brogden are engaging men at Home Bay, a day, with a guarantee of two years' employment.

54 sterling was collected at Knox Church on a Sunday recently for the poor of the congregation.

One hundred and twenty cases were set on for hearing one day lately in the R.M.'s court at the Thames.

An alligator's egg (one of sixty-seven taken in a single nest) and a young alligator, are on view at Geelong.

The Duffy Ministry in Victoria has resigned, and a new one has been formed, with Francis as Premier.

Whale-fishing has been re-established on the Wellington coast. A Mr Hunter has added out a three-boat whaling crew.

The last session of the Hawke's Bay Provincial Council only lasted twelve days. This would hardly suit some of our Otago M.P.'s.

It is stated (says the *Tuapeka Times*) that James Smith, of Spiritualistic celebrity, about to start a daily newspaper in Dunedin.

Mr C. O'Neill, the member for the Thames in the General Assembly, is at present in Victoria, obtaining information in regard to mining legislation.

The success of the Chinese in Tasmania is having an effect upon those in Victoria, and excursion of Mongolians across the Straits may be looked for.

At a recent meeting of the Paroa County Council and Board, in Westland, a regular "mill" round is reported to have caused an adjournment of the proceedings.

An extraordinary divorce case is now pending in Melbourne. The petitioner is a solicitor in the city, and there are six co-respondents,—bankers, merchants, squatters, &c.

The Rev. Mr Gordon has been murdered at Heronunga. He was fetched to visit the sick children of a native, and both died; he was therefore suspected of witchery, and killed.

It is proposed to form a company to work the petroleum springs at the Sugar Loaves, near New Plymouth. The Taranaki Provincial Council has granted a twelve months' monopoly to the projector.

Mr Brogden has agreed to construct the railway from Invercargill to Mataura (thirty miles) for £36,000. This is exclusive of rails and rolling-stock, which are to be purchased in England by the Agent-General of New Zealand.

A proof of the quantity of game to be found in Canterbury was given a few days ago by three sportsmen, who in two days made up the following bag:—50 brace of wild geese, 30 brace of ducks, 20 brace of dotterel, 10 brace of stilts, and 10 brace of water-rats.

In Taranaki recently, a Maori, whose wife had been assaulted by a brother native, beat the sister of the culprit most unmercifully for payment for her brother's crime. The friends of the girl compromised the affair with the injured husband—the price being two horses.

At the Thames and at Greymouth, a number of bakers have lately been brought before the Court by the Inspector of Weights and Measures, under the Bakers and Millers Act of last session. The bakers at Greymouth now advertise their bread at 3d. per lb., instead of 1s. per loaf as heretofore.

At Wellington lately, Mr Urwin, the landlord of an hotel, was sued by a Mr Steele, who had been residing at the hotel, for £15, the price of a watch, chain, and trinkets lost by him. The articles were left on the dressing table in a private bedroom; and, as no negligence on the part of the guest was shown, the Bench held that the landlord was responsible.

At Foxton, in Wellington, lately, there died at an advanced age, William Chapman, a miserable miser, worth £50,000, which he has left to an illegitimate son of his. His last wish was that his stick might be put in his coffin, that he might give "Old Stratford" a thrashing with it when he met with him, because he had disappointed him in the matter of buying some land years ago!

Greymouth news lately has been prolific in accidents. On June 15, it was telegraphed that "two men, named John Dempster and Cornelius Warren, have been smothered in a claim." On the 16th, news came that "a man named John Butter has been drowned in the Grey River," and "at Duffer Creek, three men have been seriously—one, it is feared, fatally—injured by a fall of earth." And on the Little Grey saddle, two men are reported to be lost.

Mr F. U. Gledhill, of New Plymouth, has allowed the *Taranaki Herald* to make the following extract from a letter he has received from Halifax, Yorkshire:—"I bought a six-pound tin of New Zealand preserved meat, and I never wish to have any better. It was as fresh as if just cooked. Every grocer in Halifax sells it. You have no need to be afraid to breed cattle when you can send it here in such good condition. Many tons of it are sold in this town every week."

## More Sleep.

A writer in the *Chicago Tribune* expresses himself on the necessity of sound sleep and plenty of it:—We have all been educated to believe that the time given to bed is lost, and we can gain all the hours we steal from it. Children have been taught that prompt rising in the morning is a beautiful thing. I am not sorry, therefore, that one of the medical faculty, Dr Hall, has had the good sense to tell the world that children, until the age of eighteen, and old and feeble people, (and he might as well have said everybody), need ten hours' sleep; that bouncing suddenly out of bed in the morning is as hurtful as it is disagreeable: that fifteen or twenty minutes spent in gradually waking up, stretching the limbs, and letting the blood resume its wonted circulation, is time well spent. For the sudden sending of the blood to the heart is a severe shock, and the person who gets up in this hasty and reckless manner is certain to be drowsy by mid-day, unless he or she be an editor or a belle, and does not get up till afternoon. I concur in this—in fact, I always knew that this was true; and think further that pulling anybody out of bed ought to be a State prison offence, and that conviction for it could be had before any of our ordinary sleepy juries—if they were wide-awake enough to hear the evidence. The instinct of children against early and especially sudden rising, is well founded; and it is pleasant to have the assurance that the learned faculty confirm a long and growing conviction, that it is not a sin to lie in bed until the second bell rings. It is the experience of the majority of people that the most delicious moments of the whole day are those when they ought to get up and do not. Hereafter let them linger in this delightful borderland with a quiet conscience. No man can be at his best in any hour unless he has given as many hours to solid sleep as his system requires. The demands of business and the exactions of society keep most of us out of bed unmercifully, and in time we get jadedly used to the unnatural life, and take credit to ourselves that we can do with the fewest hours of sleep. It is a great mistake. There have been great men who were able to accomplish a great amount of work with little sleep; but we may be sure that if we want to be great men, or what is more important in this day, great women, we shall reach the goal soonest by being good sleepers. That was an honourable epitaph on the Dutchman's tombstone—"He was a gut sleeper." It will not be said of many of this nervous excited generation.

## Improved Quartz and Ore Crusher.

The impetus which mining enterprise has lately received by new discoveries of rich deposits of tin, gold, and other metals in various parts of the Colony, has offered a great inducement to engineers to perfect or improve machinery used for mining purposes. One of the principal machines used in the production of gold, tin, &c., is the quartz-crusher. These machines, as most people are no doubt aware, consist of bars loaded at one end with blocks of iron. The "stamps" are raised by means of cams revolving upon a horizontal axle, and are allowed to fall by their own weight, or, as in some instances, an extra amount of force is given by means of springs. These are the main features of the machines now in use. The speed with which the blows are struck is necessarily limited, not exceeding perhaps sixty or seventy blows per minute. The same force, whether for fine or coarse quartz, has to be used. Several machines, in which the use of steam to produce the blows of the hammers has been used, have been invented, but none of them have been so successful as to supersede the present arrangement with weighted bars. The difficulties in the way of a successful application of steam to produce a crushing power have, however, at last been overcome by the invention of Mr Norman Selfe (of Mort's Engineering and Dry Dock Company, Sydney), and for which he has just taken out a patent. The principle of Mr Selfe's machine consists in having a steam hammer; but it differs from all steam hammers hitherto constructed in having a constant pressure of steam to raise the piston and hammer, and an intermittent power to cause it to descend and give the blow. In previous machines, steam has been employed to raise the piston; but the piston, when so raised, has been allowed to fall by its own weight. This new machine has no levers, springs, or tappets—the only moving parts being the piston, with its stamper, or hammer, and a solid plug which acts as a valve. The liability to derangements is thus reduced to a minimum. In all ordinary steam hammers, whether a long or short blow is given, the same amount of steam is used. In Mr Selfe's machine, the amount of steam used may be regulated according to the length and force of the blow required. The main principle of this invention is thus set forth in the specification, upon which letters patent have been granted:—

"This invention consists of a steam hammer, or stamper, actuated by a piston within a cylinder, so constructed that a continuous pressure of steam or air overcomes the gravity or weight of the hammer, stamper, or piston, and acts with a constant force to raise them; whilst an intermittent power of steam, or compressed air or gas, acting on the upper surface of the piston, and regulated by a valve, causes the same to descend and strike a blow; by which arrangement steam only is used in proportion to the length of blow given, no power being consumed to lift the

hammer; also a valve so constructed as to work by the action of the stamp without the intervention of rods, cranks, tappets, or levers; also arrangements and combinations of arrangements for causing a revolution of the piston and hammer in either its upward or downward stroke; also an arrangement for shifting the cylinder to adjust the length of stroke, and compensate for the wearing of the 'shoes' or 'hammer head.' This invention is especially applicable for steam hammers, ore stampers, rock drills, or for any other purpose where a reciprocating motion is required more powerful in one direction than the other. It is intended to be used with steam, compressed air or gas, or water pressure; and as only so much of the cylinder is filled and exhausted at every stroke as the piston actually descends, and as ordinary steam hammers fill their cylinders only to lift a small height when the piston is near the top of the stroke, this arrangement effects a very considerable saving of power. The absence of all levers, cams, eccentricities, or joints, renders the machine easily managed, and not liable to become easily deranged."

These machines take up scarcely so much room as the ordinary machines with cams. By the latter only about sixty or seventy blows of the stampers can be produced per minute; by this new machine, nearly 200 blows per minute can be produced. The force of the blow, too, may be just sufficient to crack the shell of an egg, or to crack the hardest rock. In the course of a few days, a public trial of the machine will be made. Mr Selfe is securing patents in the other Colonies for his invention.—*Sydney Paper*.

## The Dowfall of Polygamy in Utah.

Thomas Hawkins, the husband of three Mormon wives, by all of whom he had children, has been convicted of adultery by a jury of anti-Mormons. It is understood, and has been for some weeks, that his punishment will cover imprisonment for several years, and whatever fine his property will supply. Mrs Hawkins "number one," formerly a devoted Mormon, but, since her quarrel with her husband five years since, an apostate from the faith—manifested great shrewdness in her examination before the jury, and pleaded the cause of the prosecution with no little ingenuity. She testified to the general good conduct of her husband, the father of her seven living and five dead children, up to the period of her employment of a Mormon servant girl, for whom the man Hawkins speedily confessed an attachment, and to whom he was at length "sealed" by a ceremonial of the church. Against this proceeding Mrs Hawkins felt inclined to protest, but she confesses to have been finally talked into it. The servant then became Mrs Hawkins No. 2, and the equal of Mrs Hawkins No. 1.

With eye unmoved and forehead unabashed, she dined from off the plate she lately was fed. This promotion was far from agreeable to the first wife. She found herself occupying a place no higher than that of her late servant in the esteem and affections of her husband. Society, too, gave the servant an equal place with the wife. At the table the husband sat with the first wife on the right hand, and the second on his left. Sad hours were passed by the wife and mother, especially during the many nights of watchful loneliness when the husband was missing from her side. Clearly she was deserted for the fresh young servant woman by whom this devoted "saint" must "raise up seed to Israel."

Evidently Mrs Hawkins number one managed to make the life of the saintly Hawkins anything but pleasant from this time forth. To this fact she testified in open court. In the presence of learned judges and eminent barristers, this good and much abused woman swore, not only in a technical sense, but in a sense ascribed to "our army in Flanders," that she lost her faith in the "damned doctrine of plurality" from the moment when she found herself deserted by her husband for the superior charms of the youthful hewer of the domestic wood, and the drawer of the family dish-water, Elizabeth Mears. Still she held on, concealing her grief from all but her husband—whose life, it is believed, this amiable lady managed to make sufficiently miserable—until the terrible day when number three—one Sarah Davis—succumbed to the charms of the irresistible Hawkins. This damsel was quite attractive in appearance, and although far from diminutive in stature, she yet proved to be the last feather in the polygamous cap of this bird of prey, Hawkins, as well as the last one required to break the back and heart of that not too patient camel, number one. For five years she lived on alone, supported by her much-wedding husband, but no longer sustaining towards him the wifely relation. All this time she lived in the hope and expectation that the man would yet abandon the recent fractions of himself, and cleave once more unto that now forlorn fragment with whom he had dwelt not unhappily for more than fifteen years. When at last she had sufficiently realised the heart-sickness of a hope deferred, she sought at once the lawyers and the sweet revenge which courts and juries hold in store. Then followed the complaint, the indictment and conviction. Her husband's lawyers suggested a compromise, and pictured the desolation of the family when the property should all be wasted in defending the action. But they were met with the rejoinder, that she would prefer to enrich the lawyers rather than allow her husband to support his "outside women" on an equality with herself; thus proving herself not only a match for Hawkins and an army of plural wives, but for bench and bar alike. Her triumph is complete.

## Adventures of a Circus Camel.

At the Cork Sessions recently, Jeremiah Desmond brought an action against M.T. to a Butty, circus proprietor, seeking to recover the sum of £15 for damages alleged to have been sustained by the plaintiff in consequence of defendant's camel running into his house, knocking him down, and otherwise bruising him. The following evidence was taken:—

The plaintiff deposed that on the Friday before Christmas he was sitting at the door of his own house, minding some pigs' food. About half-past six o'clock in the evening, a "queer thing" came up to the door; he did not know what it was; he thought it was the devil.—(Laughter.) It had a long neck, big legs, and a hump "ever so big" on its back. He screamed, but could not stir—he was so frightened. It put its long neck in and crushed him against the side of the door with its shoulder; it got in a couple of feet inside the threshold and left the print of its paws there.

Mr Hayes: And why did it come no further?

Witness: God Almighty, sir, the hump—(loud laughter)—the hump was so big, he could not get in at the door. I got such a fright that I was not able to eat as much in three days after as I would in one day before.

Mr Hayes: How did it get out?

Witness: He backed out again, sir, the way he came in. I could do nothing to him.

Cross-examined by Mr O'Connell: What did you think you had when you saw it?

Witness: The devil.

Mr O'Connell: I believe you had been talking about the devil?

Witness: Maybe I wor.

Mr O'Connell: But were you?

Witness: I wor.—(Laughter.)

Mr O'Connell: But what put him into your head, that you were talking about him?

Witness: Faith, I can't tell you.

Mr O'Connell: What sort of a thing was it?

Witness: My God, sir, his neck was as far as from this over to that (pointing to the jury-box, which was about fifteen feet distant).—(Roars of laughter.)

Mr O'Connell: Had he anything on his neck?

Witness: Oh, faith, he had a lump on his neck ever so big, and he had long legs, and eyes, and a mouth.

Mr O'Connell: Do you see anything in court that you could compare him to?

Witness: Faith, then, I don't, I am sure. When he came to the door I would have given him all the world to get out of my sight.

Mr O'Connell: Did you get off the chair?

Witness: No, I did not—a better man than me could not do it.

Mr O'Connell: Did you attempt to shove him out?

Witness: I did not try to shove him out; I did nothing to him at all, for I was afraid of my life of him; if you had had bayonets you could not do anything at all to him; I was not able to work for four days, for I got a pain in my heart.

Mrs Desmond, the plaintiff's wife, described the position of her husband sitting at the door. She added,—All at once, I heard him give a bitter screech out of him. I looked down and saw the animal "blow," with his neck stretched in as far as he could. "Pray to the Almighty God," says I, "for its nothing good. Pray to the Lord to 'resave' our souls," and then I fell in a faint.—(Loud laughter.)

Mr Hayes: Did you ever see the like before?

Witness: Oh, wisha I didn't, sir; the boys about the place took the thing away afterwards.

Cross-examined by Mr O'Connell:—What is that you were talking about when the camel came to the door?

Witness: My husband was blaming me for being out too long, and he was talking about ghosts and the devil. When I looked out and saw the animal, says I, "It is the devil that is there now, surely."—(Loud laughter.)

Mr Hayes: That is the defence on the other side—that it was the devil who was there.

Mr Gregg: Did your husband say to you the devil take you?

Witness: He did, sir.

Mr O'Connell: Is he in the habit of talking about him?

Witness: Well, he is, sir; he is too often in his mouth, as I told him before this.—(Laughter.)

Mr O'Connell: Don't you think it was a just judgment on him that the devil should make his appearance to see after him under those circumstances?

Witness: Wisha, I suppose so, sir; he was after calling on him so often, and it was serving him right.

Mr O'Connell: Has he been talking about the devil since?

Witness: Indeed no, sir.—(Loud laughter.)

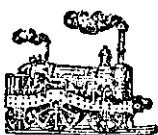
Mr Julian: Mrs Desmond has a claim for the reformation of her husband.—(Laughter.)

His Worship considered that the plaintiff was injured on the occasion, and gave a decree for 30s.

Copper has been discovered at Mount Watkin, near Waikouaiti. The hole on the surface is from 18 to 40 feet in width.

The Government of New South Wales have lately brought into force amended mining regulations which are deemed to be specially fitted to meet the requirements of quartz-mining in that colony. The purport of these regulations is stated to be that the amount of labour to be employed has been reduced to one man per acre, and the rental of leases has been reduced from £2 to £1 per acre.

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**EVERY OTHER KIND OF PRINTING!**  
Patent Medicine

**A PARADOX!—TO SUFFERERS.**  
NERVOUSNESS,  
ITS NATURE AND CURE.

WHAT IS NERVOUSNESS?—Various answers  
might be given to this question, according to  
the constitution and knowledge of the individ-  
ual. Strong healthy persons, whether medi-  
cally educated or not, generally regard nervous-  
ness as more or less an "imaginary complaint";  
it is sometimes only believed to be real when  
the patient is found to be dying or dead. The  
best answer to the question, probably, is this,—  
NERVOUSNESS IS AN UNNATURAL CONDITION OF  
THE NERVOUS SYSTEM. Sometimes this unnat-  
ural state is accompanied with considerable bodily  
weakness, loss of flesh, and loss of strength; but  
in most cases there is in the earlier stages of the  
disorder no outward sign of weakness. The suf-  
ferers are found in both sexes; they often have  
the bloom of health upon the cheek; they are  
surrounded by kind friends, yet existence to  
them has no charms, for they feel that they can-  
not enjoy it. Without intending it, they annoy  
other people about the merest trifles; if they  
encounter some person unexpectedly they feel  
confused, afraid, and alarmed; the heart beats  
violently, the hand shakes when writing, and  
the whole frame at times experiences a complete  
tremulousness. The intellect also is sometimes

## Patent Medicines

clouded, the memory fails, the judgment becomes  
indistinct, the will capricious and undecided,  
the taste vitiated, the imagination broods upon  
unpleasant topics, the spirits are either very low  
or very excited, the ordinary duties of life be-  
come burdensome, society is shunned, and busi-  
ness neglected.

A STRANGE SPECTACLE.—It is certainly  
strange, but not the less true, that perfectly  
sane persons in the prime of life, with firm step  
and healthy countenance, may occasionally be  
met with, who, in spite of possessing all the  
advantages of education, religion, ample means,  
and kind friends, nevertheless are victims of the  
nervousness above described; unhappy them-  
selves, they render other people unhappy. Why  
is this? What cause has operated to change the  
cheerful, active, obliging, unsuspecting, and un-  
complaining youth into the unhappy, drowsy,  
listless, suspicious, and gloomy misanthrope?  
Many causes, or one cause only, may operate to  
produce this sad state: the cause may be either  
mental or physical, or both combined.

ATTEMPTS TO CURE NERVOUSNESS by means of  
ordinary tonics have so frequently proved fruit-  
less, that the leading physicians now for the  
most part recommend hygienic means, such as  
exercise in the open air, regular habits, sea-  
bathing, the cold bath friction; change of air  
and scene, as in travelling. If all these fail, as  
they often do, what is to be done?

THE ANSWER will be found by carefully per-  
using the following Work:—

*Ninth Edition; Post Free, 1s. 4d.*  
**NERVOUS DEBILITY,**  
Its Cause and Cure,  
With Plain Directions for Perfect Restoration to  
Health.

Applications for a copy of the above Work  
must be accompanied by the amount in New  
Zealand or other stamps, also a properly directed  
envelope.

ADDRESS :  
**CHARLES SENNET, Agent,**  
Brooklyn House, Flagstaff Gardens, Melbourne.

"Up! Up! my friend, and clear your looks!  
Why all this toil and trouble?"

ALL those who are suffering from despon-  
dency, melancholia, loss of spirits and  
pluck, who feel that they are wasting and  
pining, and who are gradually getting weaker  
and weaker, from causes they have not the  
courage or the desire to acquaint their family  
attendant with: in all such cases, Mr L. L. SMITH  
feels it incumbent on himself to inform  
such unfortunate patients, that he has de-  
voted his lifetime to the study of such com-  
plaints, having been a pupil and assistant of  
the late Dr Culverwell, of London, who made  
these diseases his special practice.

In all those diseases relating and pertaining  
to Married Life, and which make marriage a  
curse rather than a blessing, Mr L. L. SMITH  
can be consulted with the greatest certainty  
of success, and with the additional feeling  
that no chance can possibly occur of their  
secret ever being divulged.

Incases of extreme Nervous Debility, where  
the patient feels that he is exhausted and  
physically prostrated, and incapable of exer-  
tion without fatigue, then and there the per-  
son so situated should at once consult Mr L.  
L. SMITH, before disease of a more serious  
character sets in; the above arises frequently  
from the enervating influence of hot climates,  
but frequently from other causes of a more  
serious nature.

Palpitations of the heart, a tendency also  
to be easily startled and alarmed, is another  
phase of disease which requires particular  
attention, as arising from a most important  
cause; those who suffer from the above have  
NOT—

"Mix'd reason with pleasure  
And wisdom with mirth;"

But have, on the contrary, been guilty of  
a secret vice, which has, as it were, eaten  
into their very vitals. Many "old young  
men" consult me, who, though young in years,  
have, through the vice above alluded to,  
and by their having been quacked by the un-  
qualified and unskilful medical men, at last  
given up all hope and succumbed, and are  
aged in their very youth, unfitted to fulfil the  
duties which they were sent to this world to  
perform.

"Be wise to-day, 'tis madness to defer,  
Procrastination is the thief of time."

Mr L. L. SMITH wishes to impress upon  
those who are labouring under diseases which  
cannot be treated by the general medical  
attendant, from insufficient knowledge and  
practice, that as an expert in these diseases,  
he has the right to warn the public at large  
against the number of blatant charlatans and  
quacks, who not only extort the money out  
of the pockets of the patients, but are con-  
tinually ruining the health of the unfortunate  
sufferers. Many hundreds yearly present  
themselves to him from all parts of the dif-  
ferent colonies, who are thoroughly bank-  
rupt in health and pocket, and they then  
lament, when too late, the horrible deception  
which has been practised on them.

Not only do men deceive those unfortunate  
victims by pretending to be legally-qualified  
men, but they advertise for sale, and swindle  
the public, by selling bottles of muck, under  
the name of "Dr Ricord's Essence of Life,"  
"Balm of Syriacum," and a mass of other  
quackeries, whose sole province is to extract  
money out of the pockets of their deluded vic-  
tims.

Will the public never understand that the  
only guarantee they can have that they will  
be honestly and skilfully treated, is the fact  
that the person to whom they apply for ad-  
vice is a legally-qualified medical man, who  
has devoted his time to the branch of practice  
for which the patient is seeking aid? Secondly,  
that his long residence in the place, and his  
position, is at least a guarantee of the

## Patent Medicines

estimation in which he is held by his  
citizens.

Mr L. L. SMITH can be consulted by  
fee, £1.

By the above means, any male or fe-  
patient can, by describing their symp-  
avoid the unpleasantness, in many cases  
a personal interview, and the patient ob-  
tain his incognito.

Medicines appropriately packed to  
observation are sent to all parts of the  
nies, with plain letters as to diet, &c.

Mr L. L. SMITH consults personally da-  
mornings before 11, and evenings betwe-  
and 9, 92 Bourke-street east, Melbourne.

## THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!

**HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.**

## Chest Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent, few more  
serious, than affections of the respiratory  
organs. The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis,  
influenza may always be radically removed  
Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly  
medly any temporary stagnation of blood,  
any over-gorged veins, moderate the  
breathing, and enable the lungs to do their  
work with ease and regularity. These Pills, by  
purifying powers, cleanse the blood from  
purities, and fortify the system against con-  
tious, asthma, and similar complaints.

**Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels.**  
From various causes these organs are  
frequently getting out of order, and require  
suitable medicine to regulate them. Holl-  
Pills effect this object with wonderful  
and certainty. They do not distress the  
or weaken the frame; they thoroughly  
rate the digestive organs. They gently  
the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys  
perform their functions efficiently, and ac-  
the bowels without griping or any other  
ance. Again, taken an hour before dinner,  
cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as  
entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea,  
biliousness.

**Windy or Watery Dropsy.**  
Whoever is afflicted with these com-  
should at once have recourse to Holloway's  
Pills. They act most energetically on the  
and absorbent system, purify the blood,  
impart a vigour which age or other causes  
have temporarily taken away. They excite  
kidneys to increased activity, and thereby  
late the absorbents to remove the fluid  
collected.

**Disorders Peculiar to Women.**  
There is no medicine equal to Holloway's  
for correcting the ailments incidental to  
They may be taken with safety for any  
larly of the system, as they remove all  
maladies, and so restore, by their grand  
ing properties, females of all ages to  
health.

**Indisposition, Diphtheria, and Sore Throat.**  
How all important it is to check the  
departure from health! all may do so by  
Holloway's Pills, without risk or  
In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves,  
muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat,  
coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath,  
earlier they are taken the better.

**Children's Complaints.**  
Diseases incidental to children, such as  
s' attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and  
eases of the skin, may be immediately  
and soon cured, by these purifying Pills,  
may be reduced to a powder, and given  
of one, two, or three nightly, according  
age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment  
soothing, cooling, and healing, and is  
adapted than any other remedy for all  
ailments.

**Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headache.**  
No organ in the human body is so  
disorder as the liver, and none is more  
neglected, to become seriously diseased.  
nausea, flatulency, or acidity on the  
warns us that digestion is not proceed-  
perly, Holloway's Pills regulate every  
give strength to every organ, speedily  
all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick head-  
and effect a permanent cure.

**Lumbago, Rheumatism, and Gout.**  
In these diseases, the blood is always  
highly inflammatory state; the stomach  
disordered, and the liver and kidneys  
rally torpid. A few doses of these Pills  
in time, will rectify all these symptoms  
cooling and purifying properties

Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy  
in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Piles
Colic	Rheumatism
Constipation of the	Retention of Urine
Bowels	Scrofula, or King's
Consumption	Sore Throat
Debility	Stone and Gravel
Dropsy	Secondary Syphilis
Dysentery	Tie Polonaise
Erysipelas	Tumours
Female Irregularities	Ulcers
Fever of all kinds	Veneral Affections
Fits	Worms of all kinds
Gout	Weakness, from ever cause
Headache	&c. &c. &c.
Indigestion	

\* \* \* There is a considerable saving by  
the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of  
in every disorder are affixed to each  
can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

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